AMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of Transport Ahmad Dakhqan Monday decided to reduce fares on the Public Transport Company (PTC) buses, operating on a number of routes inside and outside Amman by 20 to 50 fils operating on a number of routes inside and outside Amman by 20 to 50 fils as of Tuesday. According to the new reduction, bus lares for the various routes will be as follows: Amman-Salt 150 fils, Amman-Madaba 150 fils, Amman-Baqa camp 100 fils, Raghdan-South Hashimi 50 fils, Raghdan-Prince Hashem Housing estate 100 fils, Ras Al Ain-Quwaismeb-Abu Alanda 70 fils, Wihdat Sahab-Industrial City 100 fils, Basman Street-King Hussein Medical Cestact 100 fils, Raghdan Cars Compound-Tabarbour-Abu Alia 70 fils, Abi-Nusseir Housing Complex 100 fils, Zarqa-Yajouz-University of Jorday 150 fils, Zarqa-Yajouz-Baqaa 200 fils, Commenting on the decision, PTC Director General Instahim Mahadim said the reduction comes in implementation of the corporation's policy, aimed at reduction comes in implementation of the corporation's policy, aimed at providing comfortable means of transport at affordable and reasonable providing comfortable means of transport at affordable and reasonable fares. Asked whether the reduced bus fares will affect the PTC's income negatively, Mr. Mahadin said: "We expect increased income as a result of the new reductions, because people will be encouraged to use buses rather than taxis." Consequently, he said, the bus-seat occupancy rate will be increased. This in turn means increased income, for the PTC.

Volume 12 Number 3466

AMMAN, TUESDAY MAY 5, 1987, RAMADAN 8, 1407

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Sandi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Majali receives Mauritanian envoy

AMMAN (Petra) — Deputy Prime Minister Abdul Wahab Al Majali Monday received Mauritania's ambassador to Jordan and discussed with him bilateral relations and means of developing and enhancing them.

Khayyat meets Sudanese team

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat on Monday re-ceived Mr. Ahmad Abdul Rah-man Al Mahdi, one of Sudan's religious leaders, and an accompanying delegation. Talks during the meeting centred on hilateral issues and Jordan's support for and help to Sudan to enable it overcome its drought problems. Dr. Khayyat also explained to the delegation the present situation in the occupied West Bank and the recent developments in the regional and international fora.

Egypt seeks to boost cooperation with Jordan

CAIRO (Petra) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak Monday instructed his Prime Minister Atef Sudqi to work towards enhancing cooperation hetween Jordan and Egypt, during the Joint Higher Jordanian Egyptian Committee meeting, which starts in Amman Tuesday (See story on page 3). President Mubarak's directives were issued at a meeting with Dr. Sudqi, during which Dr. Sudqi briefed him on the meeting's agenda. Dr. Sudqi said that Tuesday's meeting is different from the previous meetings because it will assess Egypt's experience over the past two years. Dr. Sudqi also said he will convey the greetings of President Mnbar-ak to His Majesty King Hussein.

Tran seizes 7

KUWAIT (AP) - Iranian gunboats have seized seven Knwaiti fishing boats which apparently strayed into Iranian waters in the northern reaches of the Gulf, shipping sources reported Monday. The sources, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said that this was the latest in a series of scizures by the Iranians in recent years. The Iranians usually hold the fishermen for a few days for investigation and then release them, the sources said. Kuwaiti authorities have repeatedly warned fishermen to stay within defined areas outside the Iran-Iraq war zone just to the north of the emirate.

Murphy to visit Gulf

WASHINGTON (AP) - Assistant Secretary of State Richard Murphy will travel to Iraq and other Gulf region nations to discuss the Iran-Iraq war and other issues, the State Department said Monday. Mr. Murphy will hold talks with heads of the Gulf Cooperation Council about the Gulf war and about matters concerning the region, said spokesman Charles Redman. Redman said Mr. Murphy would not visit any Middle Eastern countries other than the Gulf states during the trip. He said he did not have further details on the trip.

INSIDE

- · Reagan knew money was raised for contras, senator says, page 2 · Jordan-Egypt higher
- committee begins talks today, page 3
 • Record of Washington's Iran-contra scandal is
- long and complex, page
- UAE minister joins contrasting worlds of oil and
- poetry, page 5

 Swedes beat Soviets to bag world hockey title. page 6
 • Sudan concedes inability
- to service all debts, page
- · Philippines army votes early in general elections amid mounting rebel threats, page 8

Karami resigns citing cabinet failure to solve economic crisis

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Prime Minister Rashid Karami announced his resignation on Monday, citing his cabinet's failure to resolve a worsening economic crisis generated by 12 years of civil war.

"I hereby announce my resignation ... I took this decision in the interest of the nation," Mr. Karami told reporters.

All Lebanese radio stations interrupted their programmes to broadcast Mr. Karami's state-

He did not say whether he would submit his resignation to President Amin Gemayel, as he is required to do under the constitu-

Constitutionally, the president would then decide whether to accept the resignation and name a new premier.

Mr. Karami said he decided to resign after his 10-man half-Christian, half-Muslim cahinet "failed to agree on any solution" to the nation's pressing economie

Mr. Karami's divided cabinet held its first meeting in seven months April 23 to deal with the nation's economic crisis as a general strike called by the 250,000-strong General Confed-eration of Labour (GCL) to protest soaring prices paralysed the

It adopted a series of proce-

KUWAIT (Agencies) — Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)

leader Yasser Arafat on Monday

offered to meet any Israeli leader

under United Nations auspices to

discuss setting up a Palestinian-

Mr. Arafat said the Israeli

could be Prime Minister Yitzhak

Shamir, Foreign Minister Shimon

Peres or another government

His only condition appeared to

be that such a meeting be held under the auspices of the United

Mr. Arafat, addressing a press

conference at Kuwait's govern-

ment guest house, said he was

reacting to a proposal relayed to

him recently in Algeria by a journalist on behalf of Israeli

minister without portfolio Ezer

Weizman. He did not identify the

with me to discuss establishment

of a confederation, but I put up a

challenge to him to meet with me.

himself or any Israeli leader, even

Shamir or Peres, under the au-

spices of the United Nations, to

discuss the setting up of a dual-

(PNC), in Algiers last month.

mistic" about the chances of con-

vening the proposed Middle East

peace conference, and said he

expected the first session or at

least a preparatory committee to

meet before the end of the cur-

But he warned against expect-

ing "capitulation from any Arah

should work out a just, compre-hensive and durable solution that

(Continued on page 2)

"Such a conference, if held,

rent year.

Weizman suggested a meeting

leader from the Jewish state.

Arafat

Israeli

leader

Israeli state.

Nations.

journalist.

'ready' to

meet any



Rashid Karami

dures to deal with the economie Christian leaders.

"The latest attempt (to agree on economic solutions) did not live long," Mr. Karami said. Mr. Gemayel nominated Mr. Karami, 66, a veteran pro-Syrian politician, to his 10th premiership in 29 years in April 1984.

OUJDA, Morocco (Agencies) —

Talks on the Western Sahara

conflict between King Hassan of

Morocco and Algerian President

Chadli Benjedid under the au-

spices of Sandi Arabia's King

Fahd ended after two sessions

Monday, Algeria's News Agency

The meeting took place on the

Algerian-Moroccan border at

Akid Lofti, near Oujda, the site

of a previous meeting between King Hassan and Mr. Benjedid

four years ago.
King Fahd, who had flown in
Sunday might, left Algeria Mon-

It said discussions centred on

the Western · Sahara conflict be-

tween Morocco and Algerian-

backed polisario guerrillas but

like the Moroccan news agency MAP disclosed no details. Fore-

ign reporters were not allowed in

The Saudi monarch, keen to

re-unite Arab ranks ahead of an

Arab summit expected later this

year, hopes to ease tensions be-

tween the two North African

neighbours, diplomats said. King Fahd had already been

instrumental in bringing the two

leaders together in 1983. They

then attempted to normalise rela-

day night, APS reported.

(APS) said.

the vicinity.

"I am convinced that all that is happening runs against the interest of the Lebanese and Leba- tiamen in hills near Beirot.

reporters after attending a weekly security committee meeting.

There was no immediate reaction from President Gemayel, who has been boyconed by Mr. Karami and his Muslim cabinet colleagues since January 1986 when the president failed to endorse a Syrian-hacked peace plan for Lebanon.

The April 23 cahinet meeting was followed by mutual recriminations among Christian and Muslim ministers and last Wednesday Parliament Speaker Hussein Husseini abandoned his attempts to convene a second

In the last two weeks, the right-wing Christian Lehanese Forces militia has repeatedly demanded Mr. Karami's resigna-tion, most recently in a fiery May Day speech by the militia's depu-ty leader, Karim Pakradouni.

Referring to calls for his resignation, Mr. Karami said: When we look at all these views erisis. However, its decisions and suggestions ... we find there were rejected by the GCL and can be no reconciliation between east and west (Beirut), especially after our latest attempt in the Mansour Palace, which did not last long."

He also alluded to Progressive Socialist Party (PSP) leader Walid Junhlatt who has criticised him for approving a financial allocation for the Lebanese army, units of which confront PSP mili-

hold summit under Saudi aegis

tions, but failed to settle differ-

The Saudi Press Agency (SPA)

ences over the Western Sahara.

said Sunday King Fabd was mak-

ing "continued intensive efforts

... to hring together Arah

brethren and narrow the gap in

views for serving the interests of

Morocco were severely strained

when heavy fighting flared up

again in the Western Sahara in

February. At that time Morocco

started huilding new defence lines

which now stretch to the teri-

tory's sonthern border near the

Mauritanian port of Nouadhibou.

Fahd visited both Algeria and

Morocco in March, diplomats

Diplomatic sources said French

President Francois Mitterrand.

who visited president Benjedid in

Algiers in March and then confer-

red with King Hassan in Rabat in

April, may also have played a

role in efforts to end the dispute.

the recent completion of the final section of Morocco's 2,400-

kilometre long defensive wall of rock and sand which may have

prompted Benjedid to seek the

meeting. Hardliners in the Alge-

The meeting Monday followed

Tension subsided after King

Relations between Algeria and

the Arah Nation."

Khatib rejects reports of Syria-Iraq summit in Jordan

AMMAN (Agencies) — Information Minister Mohammad Al Khatib said Monday he knew nothing about reported secret talks between the Iraqi and Syrian presidents in Jordan.

"All these are press rumours, we know nothing about it," Mr. Khatib told Reuters.

The Washington Post, quoting what it called well-informed Israeli sources, said the talks between Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and Iraqi President Saddam Hussein were held in a Jordanian border area last week immediately after Mr. Assad returned from a visit to the Soviet

His Majesty King Hussein, in an attempt to end the Iran-Iraq war, has been trying to hring Iraq and Syria together.
Relations between Iraq and

Syria, long-time ideological foes. worsened with Syrian support of Iran in the war, now in its seventh

The Kuwaiti daily Al Qahas quoted a high-ranking Saudi Ara-bian official as saying the Iraqi-Syrian meeting came after joint talks with king Hussein and Saudi Crown Prince Abdullah. Al Qabas quoted the nnnamed Sauci official as saying the two presidents had 'a closed and secret meeting" in Jordan preceded by

(Continued on page 2) Moroccan and Algerian leaders

rian government have opposed

such talks for years, maintaining

that any settlement in the dispute

must be directly between Moroc-

A statement issued by the Poli-

sario in Paris repeated the rebel

demand for direct dialogue with

Morrocco leading to a referen-

dum on self-rule in the Western

The Polisario statement said

that Morocco's recent activities

show the government has "opted

for a military solution" rather

than a diplomatic one and that

such actions expose "the whole

region to a general conflagra-

tion." The statement also accused

Saudi Arabia of being Morroco's

chief source of arms used in the

However, the Polisario state-

Morocco has said it would hold

between the three leaders.

co and the Polisario.

Sahara.

KING HOSTS IFTAR: His Majesty King Russein on Monday hosted an iftar banquet at the Russein Youth City. The banquet was attended by Ris Royal Highness Prince Mohammad, His Royal Righness Crown Prince Hassan, Prime Minister Zaid Al Rifai, Cabinet members, Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi and the senators, former prime ministers, Royal Court Chief Marwan Al Qasem, Court Minister Adnan

Ahn Odeh, Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'n Ibr Zaid, Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief General Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, Chief Islamic Justice Sheikh Mohammad Mheilan, Islamic theologians, and heads of Arab and Muslim diplomatic mission in Amman. The king and those attending the ifter performed Al Maghreb prayers at the Youth City

Thousands of settlers march through Jericho demanding more settlements

marched through this occupied Arah town on Monday to press demands for Jewish settlement throughout the occupied terri-

Most of the marchers were armed and guarded by hundreds of Israeli soldiers.

About 4,000 supporters of

Gush Emnnim, an extremist Jewish settlement movement, marched 12 kilometres through Jericho, considered the world's oldest city about 36 kilometres northeast of Jerusalem.

Many marchers were armed. Others carried Israeli flags or the yellow-and-hlack banners of Rabbi Meir Kahane's anti-Arab Kach Hundreds of Israeli soldiers

were deployed throughout the city, some on foot, others in armoured personnel carriers with antomatic weapons mounted on top. Monday was the 39th anniversary of the creation of

JERICHO, occupied West Bank (Agencies) — Thousands of Jew-clashes between the two groups.

"It's Ramadan and this is a lead to early elections which ac Muslim town," remarked one resident, who said he was a civil servant and spoke to AP on

> have trouble right now. There are no Jewish settlements in Jericho which has a population of about 5,500, mostly Muslims.

condition of anonymity. "Every-one is fasting. Nobody wants to

Zohar Peled, 34, a Jewish tomato farmer who was tending fields outside the city, said he was not happy about the march.

"We have a beautiful relationship with the Arabs here," he said. "This kind of thing just makes for extremism on both sides. I think most Israeli Jews, given the choice between peace and land, would choose peace."

As Israelis marked the policy issues. anniversary of the Jewish state, a dispute over the proposed threatened to topple Prime Minister Shamir's coalition. In an interview with Israel

Jericho residents watched the Radio, the right-wing Likud leadmarch from their homes and the er called on Lahour Foreign

said the public did not want.

Mr. Shamir repeated his objections to a peace conference, but said: "Let us examine the proposals made to us. Let us look into them in depth — all aspects. Then we will decide if this obliges us to part or not." Mr. Peres, who has been trying

to arrange a peace conference, has threatened to pull his party ont of the coalition government unless Mr. Shamir's Likud accepted international soonsorship of peace talks. He informed Mr. Shamir on

Sunday he would raise the issue of a conference at Wednesday's meeting of the 10-man "inner cabinet." The group decides key "Let us check the price and

then we will decide if we have to Mideast peace conference part or not," the prime minister said.

"What is the hurry?" he asked. "I do not want elections and see no justification for them at this

Moscow expects quick missile pact

Soviet chief negotiator Yuly Vorontsov said Monday.

ment did not oppose a meeting self-determination referendum

in the Western Sahara, hut has rejected as unrealistic demands by the Polisario that the Moroccans in the territory, including civil servants and settlers, should withdraw first. President Benjedid was keepnuclear missiles.

ing his regional allies informed about the meeting, APS said.

pects U.S. and Soviet arms negotiators to forge a draft treaty scrapping all medium and shor-ter-range "Euromissiles" during their present round of talks,

"I expect a treaty, a fully-fledged treaty," Mr. Vorontsov, who is also first deputy foreign minister, said on arrival at Genev2 irport.

In another development, U.S. chief negotiator Max Kampelman told reporters the American delegation would soon present a draft treaty calling for "drastic," 50 per cent cuts in long-range

Such deep cuts in long-range arsenals, with some 10,500 nuc-

a top priority for the United States and would "enhance the security of both sides," he said. U.S. and Soviet negotiators

started their eighth round of talks on medium and shorter-range missiles on April 23. Western diplomats following the present talks have described

them as the "make-or-hreak" round for striking a deal on sharp cuts in medium and shorter-range President Ronald Reagan's

administration leaves office in January 1989 and attention in the United States for much of next year will be focussed on the presidential election campaign rather than arms control, the diplomats

Katyushas land in Galilee

TEL AVIV (AP) - Guerrillas fired rockets from Lebanon into northern Israel but there were no injuries or damages, the Israeli army said Monday.

Military officials, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said the Soviet-designed Katyusha rockets were fired into the western Galilee district Sunday evening and landed in a forest area.

The military official would not say how many rockets were fired or where exactly they hit the ground. The officials said the army and

Israeli settlements along the border with Lebanon were placed on high alert after the attacks. Israeli Defence Minister Yit-

zhak Rabin nas hlamed Palestinian commandos for many of the recent rocket attacks against the north and Israel has stepped up its air attacks in Lebanon in response.

Israeli Chief of Staff General Dan Shomron says Palestinian commandes rather than the pro-Iranian Hizbollah organisation are Israel's main enemy in Lehanon. Israel has recently stepped up

its air raids against Palestinians in refugee camps in South Lehanon. Hizbollah has carried ont hu-

man wave assaults against positions manned by Israeli troops and the "South Lebanon Army" (SLA) militia. Israeli military officials say the group sends a film crew along to document the attacks.

The Israelis say about 25 Hiz-bollah fighters were killed in a clash with their troops two weeks ago inside Israel's self-declared "seenrity zone" in South Lehanon.

area after it pulled the hulk of its forces out of Lehanon in 1985. U.S. officials say about 1,000 Israeli troops are still deployed

Hart denies report that he cheated Harts have been separated on

nationality state instead of a con-federation," said Mr. Arafat. The PLO chairman was re-WASHINGTON (Agencies) — A spokesman for Democratic presidential candidate Gary Hart sponding to a question about on Monday denied a newspaper reports that he had proposed a report that the former Colorado joint Palestinian-Israeli state, senator spent much of the circulated by the Italian news agency during the meeting of the Palestine National Council weekend with a young woman other than his wife. "Recent accusations about

Senator Hart's personal life are Mr. Weizman, considered an preposterous and inaccurate in Israeli moderate, was apparently their entirety," campaign manareferring to a confederation beger Bill Dixon said in a statement issued from Mr. Hart's Denver tween a Palestinian state on the West Bank and Gaza Strip and campaign headquarters. Mr. Arafat said he was "opti-

"Scrutiny and questions of character are one thing character assassination is entirely another, Mr. Dixon said in response to a Miami Herald report that Mr. Hart and a young woman identi-fied as Donna Rice of Miami spent Friday night and much of Saturday alone in Mr. Hart's Washington residence.

The newspaper quoted Mr. Hart as denying that the woman had spent the night m his house. Mr. Hart's wife Lee, to whom he has been married for 28 years, was in Colorado at the time. The two occasions. Mr. Hart, the early favourite for the Democratic Party's 1988

presidential nomination, has been dogged by questions about his character, including allega-tions that be has had extramarital The 50-year old politician told

Miami Herald reporters watching his Washington residence: "I have no personal relationship with the individual you are following.' But Mr. Hart told the news-

paper he had phoned the woman on several occasions as he campaigned round the country, and he confirmed that Ms. Rice described as being in her late 20s visited him on Friday night, the Herald said. Mr. Hart attended a dinner

Friday night at the nearby home of friend William Broadhurst, Hart spokesman Kevin Sweeney said, with Ms. Rice and her friend Lynn Armandt. Mr. Broadhurst said Ms. Rice and Ms. Armandt spent the night at his Capitol Hill



Gary Hart

Mr. Dixon told the New York Times that Mr. Hart, Mr. Broadburst and the two women had walked to Mr. Hart's nearby townhouse after dinner to see some renovation work he was baving done and that Mr. Broadhurst, Ms. Rice and Ms. Armandt left shortly afterward.

Mr. Broadhurst said in an interview in Monday's Herald that be had planned to hire Ms.

cial events at his townhouse, and that she declined to come to his house for an interview unless she could bring Ms. Rice. Mr. Hart described Ms. Rice as "a friend of a friend of mine" who had come to Washington to visit friends of hers, the Herald

Dixon condemned the methods used by the Herald. "The system, when reduced to

hiding in bushes, peeking in windows and personal harassment, has clearly run amok," he said. Those who cover politics have some duty of self-restraint. Here the boundaries of journalistic ethics have clearly been crossed."

Mr. Dixon told reporters that Mr. Hart met Ms. Rice casually at two separate parties this year. It is the second time Mr. Hart has been sidetracked by questions about his personal life.

On April 14, responding to reports that supporters of other candidates were circulating rumours about his alleged sexual affairs, Mr. Hart seemed to point port.

the finger at his foes by suggesting the real story was the source of the gossip.

Mr. Hart has hoped to run a

campaign based on ideas, with little attention given to personality. But political analysts say he must first erase doubts about his character that left voters uneasy about him during his 1984 presidential campaign. Many voters seemed perturbed

by discrepancies that emerged in the 1984 campaign over his age, which official biographies had listed as a year lower than it is, and his account of why he changed his name from Hartpence in 1961. In an interview published in the

New York Times on Sunday, Mr. Hart responded to the womanising question hy challenging reporters to "follow me around." "I'm serious. If anybody wants

to put a tail on me, go ahead. They'd be very bored," he said. A spokesman for the Miami Herald noted the challenge in defending his publication's re-

Israel established the buffer north of the border.

Reagan knew money was being raised to arm contras — senator

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — A U.S. senator said President Ronald Reagan knew that money was being raised to provide arms for the Nicaraguan rebels, but Mr. Reagan insisted his knowledge of private aid efforts was limited to a television campaign to garner support for the contras.

Senator Daniel Inouye, an opposition Democrat and chairman of the Senate committee investigating the Iran-contra affair, said Sunday the president knew much more than the White House has admitted.

Mr. Reagan later told an impromptu encounter with repor-ters he had no detailed information about the private aid net-

Mr. Inouye heads the Senate committee that, along with a companion House of Representanves committee, will open public hearings Tuesday into the secret sale of U.S. arms to Iran and diversion of payments to Nicaraguan rebels. The complicated case has turned into the worst crisis of Mr. Reagan's presidency. A key question of the hearings

will be what Mr. Reagan knew, Mr. inouye said Sunday on the U.S. television network NBC's "Mee: the Press" programme.
Mr. Inouye said he had found

no evidence that the president knew about the diversion of money from the arms sales. The senator was asked whether his review of excerpts of Mr. Reagan's diaries led him to believe the president was aware of the effort to raise money to supp-

ly arms to the contras. "The president was aware that monies were being raised to provide arms for the contras," Mr. Inouye replied.

Mr. Inouye's remarks followed a Federal Burean of Investigation FBI) report last week that fired National Security Council aide Oliver North had told Mr. Reagan of a Saudi interest in donating money to the contras.

White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said of the report: The president's recollection is that there was never any such meeting.

But Mr. Inouye said his belief that Mr. Reagan knew more about contra aid than has been acknowledged was hased on closed-door investigations by his committee over the past several

The televised hearings that begin on Tuesday are expected to last several weeks and should help determine if Mr. Reagan

knew anything about a possibly illegal U.S. government effort to supply arms to the contras fight-ing Nicaragua's Sandinista government.

Last week, conservative fundraiser Carl Channell pleaded guilty to a conspiracy charge stemming from his efforts to raise funds for the contras, and named Lieutenant Colonel North as a co-conspirator.

Mr. Invouye said Sunday he believed the president knew about the fund-raising effort at a time when Congress "had expressed its intention that funds should not be spent for arms for

the contras. But Sen. Warren Rudman, the Republican vice-chairman of the Senate panel, said: "There's a difference between public and private funds ... and that's, of course, the one issue that we have vet to hone in on.'

Mr. Reagan has said he knew nothing about the diversion of arms sales profits to the contras. He also has said he met with donors to a private foundation set up to raise money for the contras, but said he thought the foundation, run by Mr. Channell, was only seeking the money to pay for pro-contra television ads.

supported the president's statements that while he was aware of The president repeated that contention Sunday, speaking to private efforts to get arms to the rehels, he knew nothing about any illegalities committed in the reporters before a speech in New

Mr. Reagan said he was aware process.

Cat causes mine blast in Beirut

of the private aid network, "but

there was nothing in the nature of

a solicitation by the administra-

tion, to my knowledge, of any-

were people ... just as there were

people who have done that for

other causes. I have no detailed

information. I did know the peo-

ple I met with, to thank, because

they had raised money to put

commercials on television to urge

the Congress to support the con-

to Mr. Inouye's remarks on tele-

listened to him very carefully ...

Mr. Reagan said. "... He was

actually saying that, no, I did not have knowledge of things of that

After the speech, spokesman

Fitzwater told reporters that Mr.

Inouye's statements backed Mr.

Reagan's position in several re-

statement that be didn't know

about the diversion" of Iranian

arms sales money to the contras,

U.K. finds

nothing to

Waite

substantiate

swap claim

LONDON (AP) - The Archhishop of Canterbury's

office has found nothing to sub-stantiate reports that west Beirut

militiamen plan to swap a kidnap-

ped Iranian embassy official for

missing church envoy Terry

Waite, a spokeswoman has said.

The Beirut magazine Ash Shir-

aa reported on Thursday that the

Iranian official, Mohammad Kha-

tami, was being held by "a poli-

It apparently referred to Walid

unblatt's Druze militia, which

had been protecting Mr. Waite

before he disappeared Jan. 20.

The report said the Druze

wanted to exchange their captive

for Mr. Waite, who had been on a

mission to free foreign hostages held in Beirut. Mr. Waite is the

personal envoy of the Most Rev.

Robert Runcie, Archbishop of

Canterbury and spiritual head of

the state Church of England.

tical party outside Beirut."

Fitzwater also said the senator

the spokesman said.

"He confirmed the president's

The president said he listened

"As the programme went on, I

"All I know was that there

one to do that.

tras," he said.

BEIRUT, Lebanon (AP) — A mine apparently detonated by a cat exploded at the French embassy's yard in mainly Muslim west Beirut Monday. Police said no people were injured hut the cat was killed.

The anti-personnel mine, planted by French marine guards. went off around noontime (0900 GMT) at the compound in Clemenceau Street, said a police spokesman.

The spokesman, who cannot be named in line with standing regulations, said the cat apparently detonated the mine by stepping

A spokesman for the French emhassy in Christian east Beirut said he has no information about the explosion at the compound in the western sector, protected by a platoon of French marines.

The French diplomatic mission and other Western embassies fled west Beirut in the last two years following a spate of attacks hy Lebanese extremists against foreigners and diplomats.

Lebanese staffers provide consular services at the west Beirut embassy. French diplomats are based in east Beirut.

Three people were shot dead in the northern Lebanese town of Zghorta during a dispute over the score after a local soccer match, police have said.

red with Sudanese Prime Minister Sadek Al Mahdi immediately after his arrival here Sunday on a 24-hour visit.

that Mr. Falka handed him an invitation from Mr. Mengistu to attend Ethiopia's celebrations of a new constitution next

He said Mr. Mahdi briefed him on his proposal to improve relations with Ethiopia and asked him to relay it to Mr. Mengistu.

Mr. Falka stressed that the absence of Ethiopian ambassador from Khartoum "has no political significance" and said the envoy would return to his post

Lange softens stand on Libyan role in Pacific

WELLINGTON (R) — New Zealand Prime Minister David Lange Monday played down media concern about a growing Libyan presence in the South Pacific based on Vanuatu but said Vanuatu's leader was resisting

challenges to his leadership.

Mr. Lange revealed little at a
news conference about his talks with Australian Foreign Minister Bill Hayden at a New Zealand air base on Friday. There has been media speculation that Mr. Hayden passed on intelligence information so secret that it required a meeting in secure sur-

Some press reports have spoken of a growing Libyan influ-

ence among Vanuatu politicians. Some people from Vanuatu were said to have visited Libya for training in crowd manipulation.

Mr. Lange did imply that Mr. Hayden may have sought some action from New Zealand when he said: "What this government has to do is take heed of fact and New Zealand interests. This government is not going to do anything precipitate which will in any way jeopardise New Zealand in-

The secretary-general of Vanuatn's ruling Vanuaku Party, Barak Sope, said in an interview with the Australian Broadcasting Corporation (ABC) Monday that Australia's worries about the Libyan connection were "illogical."



Khatib rejects reports of Syria-Iraq summit

(Continued from page 1) talks with King Hussein and the Saudi crown prince.

The official said the talks beween the Iraqi and Syrian leaders, who head opposing factions of the Baath Arab Socialist Party, were held in the remote Al Jafar

Al Qabas, which gave no date for the talks, said the Soviet Union also played an important role in trying to resolve problems

between Iraq and Syria. "The talks took place after the return of President Assad from Moscow, which has exerted posi-

tive efforts over many years to

achieve a meeting between the two presidents to resolve their differences," the paper said. It said President Hussein and

President Assad discussed the Gulf Other topics included security

concerns, border issues and backing for opponents of each other's governments, it added.

Al Qabas said that following the talks, Syria had cancelled a general conference of Damascus-backed opponents of the Iraqi leader and agreed to stop support for Iraqi Kurdish rebels, while Iraq had agreed not to back opposition parties in Syria.

The paper said their seem meeting would lead soon to whit called "open" — apparent publicly-known — talks between the two leaders.

Their meeting with King His sein and Crown Prince Abdulla it added, took place "in a positive! spirit and paved the way for the more meetings between official, har of the two sides."

The Syrian and Iraqi leade attended an Arah summit Morocco five years ago but at believed not to have met private ly since 1979.

two Palestinian camps in South-

McFarlane reportedly made deal with Iranians on CIA network

LONDON (AP) — Former White House aide Robert McFarlane made a secret deal with Iran to prevent the disclosure of the CIA's Middle East intelligence network, which Tehran obtained during the torture of U.S. hostage William Buckley, a British newspaper has reported.

Onoting well-placed Iranian sources, the Observer said Mr. McFarlane reached the agree-. ment with Hashemi Rafsanjani, speaker of the Iranian parliament, during a secret trip to Tehran in May 1986. Tape recordings and transcripts that the Iranians made on their

meetings have been given to Lawrence Walsh, the U.S. special prosecutor investigating the Irancontra affair, the paper said. Under the deal, the paper said, Mr. McFarlane agreed to supply fran with top-secret U.S. military intelligence and increase the covert sale of U.S. arms in exchange for Tehran's promise to

keep details of U.S. intelligence

operations from being passed to the Soviet Union and other nations. Before striking the hargain, the Observer said, Mr. McFarlane was allowed to see a transcript of Mr. Buckley's so-called "confession" and a four-hour videotaped statement made under torture. He was also shown a photograph

Mr. Bnckley, described by diplomatic sources as the CIA station chief at the U.S. embassy in Beirut, was kidnapped in 1984. In January, Vice-President George Bush confirmed for the first time that he had been tortured and killed in captivity.

The Observer quoted a senior Iranian diplomat close to President Ali Khamenei as saying Mr. Buckley died of a heart attack while under torture in late 1985 at a prison at the Saleh Abad military base near the Iranian holy city of Qom, not in Lebanon.

News that the Iranians had obtained details of virtually the entire U.S. Middle East intelligence network, complete with the names of U.S. agents, was passed deputy leader and chief of security. Rifaat Al Assad, brother of President Hafez Al Assad, the paper said.

Mr. McFarlane, who resigned as President Ronald Reagan's national security adviser in December 1985, came out of retirement for the Iran mission.

He flew to Tehran with National Security Council aide Oliver North, and George Cave, a former CIA agent, in a plane loaded with military material. The White House has said the military hardware was to help improve the

relationship between the two countries and had nothing to do with an arms-for-hostages deal. Mr. McFarlane has said he was told a deal had been struck with

the Iranians in which all the U.S. hostages in Lebanon would be released. Officially, the meetings in Tehran ended when Mr. McFarlane walked out, infuriated at the Iranian refusal to order the release of all U.S. hostages. But the Observer said, "unofficially, McFarlane left with part, at least, of what he came

During the meetings between Mr. McFarlane and Mr. Rafsanjani, the paper said, the Iranian agreed to suppress details of Mr. Buckley's confession and block publication of the latest batch of documents from the U.S. embassy in Tehran, which had been pieced together by Iranian stu-dents from shredded remains.

The Observer said the documents contained details of operations carried out in Iran by Mr. Cave, the only other member of the U.S. delegation to take part. in the secret discussions with Mr. Rafsanjani on the sixth floor of the Independence Hotel in Tehran. North was excluded from the talks, the paper said.

The Iranian embassy in west Both sides agreed to keep the Beirut said it does not employ anyone named Mohammad Khanames of those taking part in the talks secret, the Observer said.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Ethiopian minister in Sudan

KHARTOUM, Sudan (AP) -Ethiopian leader Mengistu Haile Mariam has sent his information minister to Khartoum in an apparent response to Sudanese calls for improving the two countries relations.

Falka Waldi Gorgious confer-

Following the meeting, Mr. Mahdi said he and Mr. Mengistii's envoy discussed a proposal he made on April 4 for improving relations with Ethiopia.

Mr. Mahdi also told reporters

Mr. Falka in turn said "Sudan and Ethiopia believe in promoting good neighbourliness rela-

"shortly."

The Ethiopian official meanwhile denied that Egypt is mediating a reconciliation between Sudan and Ethiopia.

Arafat ready to meet any Israeli leader He said that Israeli air raids or Mis-

(Continued from page 1)

takes into account the legitimate national rights of the Palestinian people as provided for in the U.N. resolutions," he said.
To wing his systematic approach towards Israel of a gun

in one hand and an olive branch in the other, Mr. Arafat also said we consider the international conference a political battle that should be fought alongside the military battle. Mr. Arafat, continuing to play

down a break in relations with Egypt, disclosed that Iraqi President Saddam Hussein and other Arab leaders were exerting good offices to patch up the differences hetween himself and Cairo.

Egypt closed PLO offices n the country last month when Mr. Arafat allowed the final PNC declarations to isolate Cairo. "President Hussein has sent a

message to President (Hosni) consequences of what happened," said Mr. Arafat, who met with the Iraqi president in Baghdad on Friday. Upon his arrival in Kuwait on

Sunday, Mr. Arafat also told reporters that the discord with Egypt was "simple". He said he was ready to send an envoy to Egypt and that he could visit Egypt at any time he wished. Mr. Arafat voiced confidence

that the PLO would bridge the rifts. "The dispute is within one family and we are able to solve it," he said.

PRAYER TIMES

MONEY EXCHANGE

 Italian lira
 25.7/26.1

 Japanese yen (for 100)
 235/238.3

 Swedish crown
 52.6/55.4

 Swiss frace
 225.1/228.5

 U.K. sterling pound
 549.6/577.4

 U.S. doBar
 328.1/332

 W. German mark
 184.3/187.3

Monday rates

55.1/

Local sell/buy rates in fils

12:32

Italiao lira

Fajr (Suurise) Duha Dhuhr

Mr. Arafat also ruled out any viable international Middle East Lebanon on Friday, in which II to people were killed and score, wounded, was "indicative of the start of the new conspiracy."

He said the Israelis used 2,000 peace talks unless the PLO took

"There can be no international peace conference without the PLO," he said. "Who can guarantee peace without the

adding: "We are awaiting the international peace conference to achieve legitimacy for the Palesti-

on exerting every possible Mr. Arafat/speaking earlier arach brotherly effort to remove the a PLO rally in Kuwait, aftributerence

unjust media campaigns (in Mr. Arafat, referring to a PNC

rian relations." Ending the feud with Syria would remove a major obstacle to

sound reasons, but I cannot divulge them, that the summit will be held this year." He warned against "a new

American-Israeli conspiracy" fol-

Sabah, and the crown prince and and ident Mnbarak, with whom I prime minister, Sheikh Saad Al have maintained special links Abdullah Al Sabah.

He said he found full support from Kuwaiti officials for the

of the PNC meeting, has met the

emir, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad A.

cloud which came to mar Palesti - the freeze in PLO-Egypt relationers man-Egyptian relations despite to a misunderstanding and saic to a misunderstanding.

He also indicated that Cairc had a vital role to play in the

Egypt," he said.
At the news conference, Mraine Arafat described the abrogation of the Feb. 11 accord with Jordan

dialogue to implement the resolutions of the PNC in Algiers, with which aim to develop the relations between the Jordanian and

Jordan and Middle East calls

NIGHT DUTY

AMMANDr. Abbas Al Hakim 89125Dr. Munther Quirini 77623
Dr. Suicinam Khayyat 791880
Dr. Fakher Belbeisi 625778

of Mr. Buckley's body, the paper TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

14:25 14:45 14:55 Local Puzzles
16:60 Cooking Programme
16:35 Arabic Play
17:15 Religious Series (Ibn Khaldoun) Religious Programme
Religious Programme
Remadan Competition 18:69 18:10 19:00 19:30 20:30 21:30 Arabic Series 22:IS

PROGRAMME TWO 18:**0**\$ 18:30

... Moteurs thermiques
...... L'ecole de lans
...... News in French 19:30 Varieties
News in Arabic You Again
Yesterday's Dreams
News in English
The Unknown War

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz. AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19

07:30	Newsdesk
68:60	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:05	Just a Minute
11:00	Follow the Wind
12:00	News Summary
12:05	30-Minute Theatre
13:00	News Summary
13:05	Pop Session Contd.
14:00	News Bulletin
14:30	Just a Minute
15:00	
16:00	Concert Hour
16:05	News Summary
16:30	Old Favourites
17:09	Men from the Ministry
17:30	···· Pop Session
19:00	News Summary
18:05	Sports Roundup
18:30	Music
	- Industr

.. News Desk 19:30 28:00 21:00 .. Evening Show News Summary 21:05 ng Show Coutd. 22:00 22:05 Evening Show Continued News Summary . Evening Show Continued

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 730, 1323 KHz

67:90 Newsdesk 97:30 A Night to Remember 97:45 Reflections 97:59 Financial News 68:90 World News 68:99 24 Hours: News Summary 68:39 Nature Notebook 68:45 Recording of the Week 69:00 Newsdesk 69:30 Com-terpoint 10:00 World News 10:09 24 Hours: News Summary 18:30 Half Home Desert 11:00 West 10:30 Half Hours: News Summary 10:38 Half Hour Drama 11:00 World News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 Training for Tomor-row 12:00 World News 12:09 British Press Review 12:15 Good Books 12:30 Detective 13:00 News Summary: Oses-tions of Faith 13:30 Half Hour Drama JOHNSON DESIGNATION OF SUMMARY, OBESTIONS OF FAITH 13:30 Half HOUR Drama 14:60 World News 14:09 News About Britain 14:15 Training for Tomorrow 14:30 Album Time 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Hoax 15:45 Sports Roundup 16:00 World News 16:09 24 Hours: News Summary 16:30 You Am't Heard Nothin' Yet! 17:00 News Summary; Outlook 17:45 Hotel du Lac 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Obestions of Faith 18:45 Kings of Swing 19:00 World News 19:00 Commentary 19:15 Here's Health! 19:30 Performing Early Music 20:15 The History of Radio Comedy 20:30 Open Door Policies 20:40 Book Choice 20:15 The History of Radio Comedy 20:30 Open Door Policies 20:40 Book Choice 20:15 The History of Radio Comedy 20:30 Sports Roundup 21:00 Newsdesk

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 Hz

06:00 News 6:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 09:10 Newsline 09:30 VOA Morning 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:30 Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Focus 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Magazine Show 21:00 News 21:10 Focus 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 Newsline America 22:30 Music USA 23:00 News & Editorial 23:15 Music USA Jazz 24:00 News 24:10 World USA Jazz 24:00 News 24:10 World

TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

An art exhibition by Ahmad Na'wash at the French Cultural Centre (until May 6)

* An art exhibition by Samer Obeidat and Issam Al Sabah at the Housing Bank Gallery.

 An exhibition of oil paintings by Soviet artist Mikhail Aghnesian at Yar-mouk University in Irbid (until May 6). An exhibition of Arab heritage by Arab and foreign students at the University of Jordan.

ABC NEWS

* The ABC News 2: 5:00 p.m. at the American Centre. CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre To	cl. 661026/7
American Centre	644371
American Centre library	641520
Brush Council	636147/8
French Cultural Centre	637000
Goethe institute	641993
Soviet Cultural Centre	644203
Spanish Cultural Centre	674040
Turkes Cultural Centre	630777
Hava Arts Centre	665195
Hussein Youth City	667121 <i>1</i> 6
T.W.C.A	641793
Y.W.M.A	661751
Amman Municipal Library	63712;
Univ. of Jordan Library	 \$435 55

"Children's Heritage and Science Maneom" Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.
Folklore Missesses: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mossics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Am-

man. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the anti-quities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qui'a (Citadei Hill). Opening hours: 9.00

MUSEUMS

a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Thesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m. 6.00 p.m. Closed Tucsdays. Tel. 630128.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lious Annuan Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m.
Lious Fhiladelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m.
Fhiladelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. p.m. Royal Automobile Circle. Jabal Am-man, Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Azumciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Laweibdeb, Tel. 637440. 63/440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrassuta Church (Roman Catholic), Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Assunciation (Greek

Chirch of the Australiation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Re-decemer) Jabal Anguam, Tel. 678906. Armonium Catholic Church Ashrafieh. an Orthodex Church Ashra St. Ephrains Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church (Inter-

national): meets at Sc Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel, 677534. 6/7334. EvangeBeal Lutheran Church, Am-man, Arabic Service: Sunday 7:00 p.m. Reinhow Congregation, English Ser-vice: Saturday 6:30 p.m. Rev. N. Samir. Tel. 811295.

FOR THE TRAVELLER **OUEEN ALIA**

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (108) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

44:15	Singapore, Kuala Lumpur (1947)
10:00	Agaba (RJ)
16:25	Jeddab (RJ)
11:00	Dubai, Abu Dhahi
11:00	Dhahran, Kuwait RJ
	Doba, Bahrain RJ
	New York, Vienna (RJ)
	Athens (R.I)
18:59	Paris, Brussels (RJ)
19:05	Copenhagen, Frankfurt (RJ)
19:15	Istanbul (HJ)
20:40	Tripoli (RJ)
28:45	Rome (IU)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) Cairo (MS)

0:45 0:10 3:30 0:45	
EPA OYA	RTURES AL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS ninal 1)
7:45	Aqaba (IU
:45	Rome (R1
2-80	Tripoli (RJ)
7.00	American Name Value 177
	Amsterdam, New York (RJ)
4:5 0	Athens (RJ)

11:45	Rome (RJ
12:00	Tripoli RJ
12:00	Amsterdam, New York (R)
12:30	Athens RI
12:45	Belgrade, Madrid RJ
13:00	Geneva, London RJ
13:45	Istanbul (P.)
20-30	Kuwait N
21:45	Abu Dhabi, Dubai R3
22:15	Cairo PI
22:15	Cairo (RJ Damascus (RJ Bangkok (RJ
23:60	Banehok (21)
	Daugson (Pa)
OTHER I	TIGHTS Complete to

.... Lisbon, Rio de Janeiro (1

. Moscow (SU) . Kuwait (KU) .. Riyadh (SV)

15:00 .. 15:35 ..

WEATHER

Slight increase in temperature is capected. Clouds will appear at different attitudes, with northeasterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, winds will be

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 20, Aquba 27. Humidity readings: Amman 32 per cent, Aquba 35 per

kilogramme bombs in the raids of for the first time since the Israel invasion of Lebanon in 1982. He said no time should be Mr. Arafat, who arrived in Kuwait on Sunday on a tour tr wasted in convening peace talks, brief Gulf leaders on the outcome

Mr. Arafat paid tribute to Pres-

resolution to seek to restore rela-Union, Libya and Algeria were trying "to correct Palestinian-Sy-

Mr. Arafat declared: "I have of contact.

tions with Syria, said the Soviet Palestinian cause. "There is no with peace and no war without

convening a long-delayed Arab as a "normal" development and summit conference.

Mr. Arafat declared: "I have of contact. "We are keen to open a new

lowing the PLO's reunification. Palestinian peoples," he said USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

EMERGENCIES Radio Jordan 774111/19 Ministry of Tourism 642311 Hotel complaints 666412 Price complaints 661176 Telephone Information 12

Civil Defence Irbid ... 271293 273131 Civil Defence Quweismeh ... 770733 Civil Defence Deir Alla ... 57306 Ambukance ... 193, 775111 Amman downtown fire brigade ... 193 First aid ... 630341 Blood Bank ... 78303 Civil Defence rescue

HOSPITA

Marcoin Madini Cont	
Hussein Medical Centre	81781
Khabdi Maternity, J. Ame	6442
Ableh Maternity, J. Ann.	6424
Jabal Amman Maternity	- 643
Malhas, J. Amman	624
Palestine, Shmeisani	4441
Chamica of Tameland	0041
Shmeisani Hospital	669
University Hospital	244
Al-Mumber Hospital	6677
The Islamic, Abdali	55617
Al-Ahli, Abdafi	- C 44
To-Eng A134-1-	0041
Italian, Al-Muhajreen	7771
Al-Bushir, J. Ashrafieh	77511
Army, Marks	80161

Queen Alia Hospital Annal Hospital GENERA

t (06)53330/60	Salam Pharmacy
	Neiroakh Pharmacy
LS .	Neiroukh Pharmacy 729672 Saheb pharmacy 668056 Khalaf pharmacy 778653 Firas pharmacy 661912
	Khalaf pharmacy 778653
	Fires pharmacy
813813/32	- Historia pharmacy
DR 644281/6	Al Ferdows pharmacy 787336
en 642441/2	
642362	TAXES:
636140	Al Wahrla tari
664171/4	AJ Wahda taxi 641183 Khaidoun taxi 664888 Bassam taxi 811857 Ahli taxi 624777
669131	Raceron town
845845	Ahii tusi
66722719	Herean real
666127/37	Hoyam taxi Balasemah taxi
	Bahrain tani
664164/6	Mashhour taxi
777101/3	MASHEDUT HOLD
775111/26	FREID:
891611/15	The Badamark Phone
602240/50	Webde harmon and the second second
674155	Dr. Fadeyyeh Hour Wehde pharmacy Al Sharas' pharmacy
AL.	ALGUAINE DUMINICA
M.	
	ZARQA:
2221120	ZARQA- Dr. Sameer Lawzi 989601 Algeria pharmacy (-)
77311/19	Augena phannacy
	The second secon

MARKET PRICES

				A series and the series
Upperlower price in Apple (Lebanese & Turki	fils per kir.	Lemon		
Banana	380 / 340	Mallow		450 / 408
Benana (Mukammar) Beaus (local) Broad beaus	300 / 240	Omege (K		140 F 100 140 £ 100
Cabbase	90 / 60	Cimilar (2)	المحمودة المحمودة	2011 224
Carrot (yellow) Cauliflower Cacambers Eggolast (large)	90 / 60 120 / 100=	Pepper (su		260/160 130/7
Eggplant (large)	7281 160	NATION	**********	AUT NO

Hamzeh praises efforts of WHO in health care

on Monday that the meetings. seminars and conferences orga-nised by the World Health Orga-nisation (WHO) have contri-buted significantly to improving hitted significantly to improving helith services in many countries. These countries are trying to achieve the "Health for All by the Year 2000" goal set by WHO. Addressing the meetings of the World Health Assembly (WHA) 40th session which began here Monday, Dr. Hamzeh, who is also the WHA president for the present term, added that the amount of progress made by many countries, including Jordan, in their health services, was a clear indication of the sound plans and programmes drawn up

Dr. Hamzeh also expressed his hope that the WHA member

GENEVA (Petra) — Health countries will continue their Minister Zaid Hamzeh said here march to achieve the WHO mesmarch to achieve the WHO message of cooperation among world's peoples for a decent, healthy life.

The WHO's Mexico conference last September came up with several recommendations for solving the problem of imbalances in the distribution of health personnel, the minister added. He also reviewed the accomplishments of the WHA in its previous session and thanked the member countries for their

During their two-week meeting, delegates of the member coun-tries will discuss the assembly's activities during the last year as well as its future plans and programmes. A number of reports on health achievements in various countries will also be discussed.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Tunisian commercial day to open

AMMAN (J.T.) — Under the patronage of Deputy Prime Minister Abdul Wahab Al Majali, the Tunisian commercial days will be officially opened at the Amman Development Corporation premises on Wednesday May 6, 1987. Attending the official opening ceremony will be the Tunisian Ambassador to Jordan Said Ibn Mustafa and Director General of the Tunisian Export Promotion Centre Hussein Bu Zaid.

Children's Village stamps to be issued

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Ministry of Communications has decided to issue commemorative stamps marking the official opening of the SOS Children's Village of Amman on May 7 under the patronage of Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor. The SOS Children's Village houses orphans and abandoned children who are cared for by women with household experience serving as "mothers" to the children. The village, situated near the town of Tareq, west of Amman, comprises nine family houses, a director's house, a bakery, a supermarket, a staff house, a guest house and a kindergarten which opened its doors in September last year.

Refinery records 13% increase in sales

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordan Petroleum Refinery Company (JPRC) sold 839,933 tonnes of oil products in the first quarter of 1987, registering 13 per cent increase over sales made in the same period of last year. A JPRC spokesman said that these amounts include a 10 per cent increase in liquid gas, 26 per cent of kerosene, 31 per cent of diesel oil and seven per cent of fuel oil.

Another shipment of cement to Egypt

AQABA (Petra) — A ship carrying 22,000 tonnes of Jordanian cement left here for Egypt on Saturday. This brings to 232,000 tonnes the quantity of cement so far exported to Egypt under the trade agreement concluded between both countries in May 1986. The agreement provided for exporting 1 million tonnes of cement to Egypt.

Potash head discusses Korean cooperation

AMMAN (Petra) - Director General of the Arab Potash Company (APC) Ali Nsour Monday met with the Korean Ambassador to Jordan Dong Soon Park and discussed with him prospects for exporting Jordanian potash to the Korean Fertilisers Companies. Korea's imports of Jordanian potash represented 17 per cent of its total imports of potash.

Municipality's team monitors health standards

AMMAN (Petra) — Greater Amman Municipality health teams have destroyed about 71 tonnes of foodstuffs because they are not suitable for human consumption, Amman Municipality sources said on Monday. The sources added that the municipality's bealth teams have recently intensified their inspection campaigns of the shops and supermarkets within the municipality's boundaries.

Man sentenced for hashish dealing

AMMAN (Petra) - The military court has sentenced Abdul Hamid Mohammad Hosni to five years imprisonment for dealing in hashish. The general military governor endorsed the sentence.

Mu'ta University accepting applications

KARAK (Petra) — Mu'ta University in Karak will start receiving applications this Saturday for study at the university, through the mail, the university's admission department announced. Registration will run until May 18 and in the following specialisations: Arabic and English languages, computers, chemistry, physics, mathematics, electrical and mechanical engineering, administrative sciences and law. The university provides accommodation, clothes and food in addition to a monthly salary of JD 60 for each student during the study period.

Haj Hassan presides over VTC meeting on education

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Labour and Social Development Khaled Al Hai Hassan Monday resided over a meeting of the Vocational Training Corporation (VTC) board of directors to discuss a number of issues related to

education policy in Jordan. The board dicided to authorise VTC Director General Munther

try on the proposals related to vocational education policy in Jordan. The proposals deal with organising compulsory education, training of vocational instructors, and coordinating efforts in education, vocational training and em-

Ministry issues calendar for new academic year

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Education Monday issued new regulations specifying dates for the start of the 1987-88 scholastic year, for school examinations, including the make-up examination for the current year, and for school holidays and vaca-

Under the new regulations teachers will report to work on Aug. 26 to prepare programmes. and to arrage to receive students. The students are due at schools on Sept. 2 to pay the school fees and pick up their books. Official

opening of schools is on Sept. 5, the regulations said. Make-up examination for the current scholastic year will be held on Aug. 31, with the exception of first secondary class students, vocational branches, who will be required to take the examination on July 21.

Masri to address the Prime Minis-

Mid first semester examinations will be held on Nov. 7, 1987, while the first semester holiday starts on Feh. 1, according to the new regulations. Final term examinations will be held on May 24, the regulations said.

Challenger centre head stresses | Women work to increase educational benefits for Jordan

By Nermeen Murad Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — School children will get the opportunity of receiving the latest in space education beginning next scholastic year fol-lowing the establishment of the Challenger Centre for Space Science Education. The centre was named after the U.S. space shuttie Challenger, whose crew died in a tragic accident last year.

Jordan will contribute to the establishment of the centre by offering a direct grant, Dr. June Scobee, chairman of the board of the Challenger centre, told the Jordan Times Munday. She said Jordan could become the first country, except the U.S., to make such a contribution.

"If Jordan does take advantage of the space education centre and its programmes," Dr. Scobee "teachers in Jordan can expect to start receiving npdated, translated and very current information available to the centre." Dr. Scobee said that these information packets will assist teachers in teaching science, math and communication skills, using innovative methods.

On Sunday, the Challenger delegation met with Minister of Education Thougan Al Hindawi, who said that Jordan was interested in helping them establish a space education centre in the

vice president of the Challenger centre, said that the minister informed him that the ministry would study whether such coop-eration would be effective in Jordan, and that Jnrdan will be sending two representatives to the centre in Washington, D.C., to evaluate the centre.

According to Dr. Scobee, His Majesty King Hussein "has expressed interest in the program me and will probably be meeting with us sometime during this

Dr. Scobee added that Dr. Ahdul Salam Al Majali, president of the University of Jordan, discussed the function of the proposed centre with the delegation and expressed interest in establishing the first cooperation centre in Jordan at the Uni-

"Teachers and students could use the learning centre at the university until such a time when other centres could be established in schools in Jordan," Dr. Scobee

The centre has a scholarship prngramme for "outstanding" students and their teachers, which involves a one-week visit to the centre in Washington where the schularship winners would work together with centre experts on "real-world" problems during a simulated space flight.

pected to start this year, will be introduced to sixth grade students in the United States and participating countries and gradually to students from all age groups in-cluding university students. The centre will he ex-

perimenting with ways to improve medicine, agriculture, the environment, weather predictinn, and pharmacenticals.

According to Dr. Anders, "this programme will help make science and technology easy to learn. by putting them in an exciting

A campaign to raise a \$50 million capital for the centre began in October 1986, hy the Challenger crew's families as a memorial to honour the Challenger crew.

According to Dr. Anders, half of the \$50 million will go towards building the Challenger centre and the rest will be used to pay for maintenance, staff and other operating expenses.

The programme will be implemented first in Washington, D.C., then at the Johnson Space Centre, and gradually at regional science centres across the U.S.

We wanted to give something to our country and to the world. Dr. Scobee, whose husband was the commander of the Challenger, said. "We have lost the challenger hut not the challenge to continue their mission."

Joint Jordan-Egypt panel opens discussions today on cooperation

AMMAN (Agencies) — The Joint Jordanian-Egyptian Higher Committee opens its sixth meeting in Amman today to review cooperation between the two countries in economic, trade, industrial, agricultural, electricity, information, cultural, tourist, transport and telecommunications fields.

The committee's sessions are to be chaired by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and his Egyptian counterpart, Dr. Atef Sedki, due here today at the head of Egypt's delegation to the three-day

. The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said that the sixth meeting was a follow-up to the deliberations held in Cairo in October 1986 by the same committee chaired by the two prime ministers. The joint committee has undertaken a number of steps to promote bilateral cooperation in all fields. tian electricity grids and on a information cooperation.

According to Petra, the two sides decided to go ahead with plans for forming a Jordanian-Egyptian investment and development company, and a number of food-producing com-According to Renter news

gency, the two countries signed a \$110 million pact last year for the export of 750,000 tonnes of surplus cement and other goods to Egypt in exchange for 20,000 tonnes of Egyptian rice and other

They have also agreed to establish, jointly with Iraq, a maritime transport company capitalised at \$6 million to handle goods and passenger traffic between Jordn's Red Sea port of Aqaba and Nuweiba in southern Sinai.

There have been discussions on linking the Jordanian and Egyp-

microwave project aimed at connecting the Egyptian, Jordanian and Saudi Arabian telephnne and television networks.

On agricultural cooperation, according to Petra, both parties agreed to pursue cooperation in agronomy, veterinary sciences, and in the use of pesticides.

In the cultural area, both parties agreed to allocate a number of seats to Jordanian students in Egyptian institutions and universities. In tourism, the committee decided to encourage tourist investments and to set np joint projects. In the field of telecommunications, the two countries agreed to go ahead with the microwave project between Amman, Aqaba and Egypt,

Both sides agreed to exchange radio and TV programmes and to lay down new foundations for

Authority plans new strategy to reverse gradual decline in incoming tourists

By Sa'ad G. Hattar Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Tourism to Jordan. which once accounted for as much as 18 per cent of the Gross National Product (GNP), has been steadily declining since the beginning of the current decade as a result of domestic, regional and international factors.

Prompt measures should be adopted to reactivate the tourism industry and Jordan Tourism Anthority (TA) has plans to overhaul and hreathe life into this sector, according to TA Director General Nasri Atallah, whose department has just prepared a detailed comparative study on tourism during the past few years.

The study indicated that on average the number of incoming American and European tourists has gradually declined by 40 per cent over the past six years; from 203,010 in 1980 down to 121,480

last year. Mr. Atallah noted that the two sharpest declines in the number of incoming American tourists, were registered in 1982 and 1985. Citing political uncertainties in the region, he said the unforeseen decrease could well be attributed to the 1982 Israeli invasion of South Lehanon and the political turmoil in the region which was followed by international terrorist incidents in 1985.

More than 90 per cent of western tourists usually arrive in the country on pilgrimage tours and in general they stay only a night or two before they cross the River Jordan to the occupied territories. The TA, Mr. Atallah said, has been active in providing incentives for pilgrims in an effort to encourage them to extend their stay in the Kingdom. The provision of special accommodation and catering rates, touristic programmes and other incentives were contemplated but little was done, he added.

The director of tourism said that Agaba is becoming a dead city and that in an effort to reactivate tourism his department, in cooperation with the national carrier, Royal Jordanian (RJ) was working to market Agaba abroad with a completely different image. RJ in coordination with local and foreign travel agents, will soon introduce direct Paris as well as one-day cruise trips to the port city, he ex-

This, however, would mean offering rock bottom prices as a motivation for western tourists while maintaining a higher stan-dard of services, a well-informed source commented. On the other hand in the long run, this would promote tourism to Agaba, he told the Jordan Times.

Mr. Atallah said that his department has been urging owners

charter flights from London and of tourist facilities in Aqaba to provide a lively, active and entertaining night life with a view to attracting tourists.

According to Mr. Atallah, the number of incoming Arah tour-ists registered a gradual increase in 1986 over that in 1980. He noted that there was a substantial increase in the number of Arah tourists in 1985 following the inauguration of the Aqaha-Nuweibe' ferry link connecting the Kingdom with Egypt's Sinai

influence in election process

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Jordanian women are aiming for a high profile in the forthcoming parliamentary elections.

Their encouraging perform-ance during the 1984 by-elections is expected to receive a substantial push this year as the General Federation of Inrdaman Wnmen launches its campaign for more active participation in voting by

Haifa Bashir, head of the federation as well as the Electoral Education Committee, told the Jordan Times the society was planning a media campaign to educate women about their constitutional rights to vote as well as nominate themselves for candida-

"Of course there will be women candidates" in the forthcoming elections, Mrs. Bashir said responding to questions. "The federation will also be proposing names." She did not elaborate on the names.

The Federation which embraces over 15,000 members all over the Kingdom, is urging all concerned societies and organisation to cooperate towards the

goal of encouraging women to practice their voting rights and towards raising their political

There will be election slogans published by the federation in local newspapers urging women to vote. "Your participation is an act of challenge you should not give up," one slogan says.

Mrs. Bashir says that "this year

we will put all our weight behind women issues. We are more concerned with the elections... this year," she added, "it is more serious. The federation's management

board met on Monday during which they discussed ways to achieve more participation by women in public life. Laila Sharaf, former informa-

tion minister, told the meeting that the federation's efforts "is considered a qualitative jump, from groundwork to effective and positive action."

During the meeting, an agree-ticipation ment was reached to form a process.



Haifa Bashir

subcommittee to establish a political strategy towards urging women to exercise their political

At this stage, the federation is focusing its campaign on voter registration, which opened on Sunday for two weeks at 700 voter registration centres all over

the Kingdom. Members of the federation will be meeting with women in centres in all governorates and developing means to encourage voter registration and a greater participation of women in the electoral

Dajani underscores need for road safety to mark Int'l Traffic Day

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan along with other countries of the world Monday marked International Traffic Day and, along with Arab countries, Arab Traffic Week. Addressing a celebration held at the Royal Cultural Centre, Interior Minister Rajai Dajani said that the dangers of road accidents threaten the well-being of society

He added that the ministry, realising its role in this field, has updated all laws and legislations to enhance traffic safety.

Mr. Dajani also noted the concerned departments' interest in increasing patrols on all roads. Studies, he pointed out, have revealed that speed, non-observance of traffic priorities, as well as the poor traffic awareness, were the major causes of road accident.

Mr. Dajani also called for more cooperation among all parties concerned to achieve proper and full traffic awareness that would be of help to drivers and pedestrians, as well as save money, and alleviate suffering.

Public Security Department (PSD) Acting Director Major the department's efforts in facing traffic problems and said that new plans have been adopted to improve the skills and standards of those working in the traffic sector. Maj. Gen. Saket also pointed out that all necessary measures have been taken to reduce road accidents and that there were attempts to enact a special penal code for traffic violations. Chairman of the Jordan Society for the Prevention of Road Accidents (JSPRA), Dr. Zuhair Malhas, also spoke about the negative impacts of road accidents. He expressed the society's full readiness for close and constructive cooperation with all institutions concerned to curb road accidents.

The minister later presented cups and prizes to a number of officials, organisations, policemen and citizens. On this occasion, Mr. Dajani also opened an exhibition of children's paintings which depicts the importance of traffic safety and warns against road accidents.

> Number of accidents dropped

Recent statistics published in Jordan revealed that in 1985 22 persons died in road accidents for every 10,000 cars on the roads; that number dropped to 16 deaths

out of 10,000 cars in 1986. The total number of road accidents in the Kingdom was 13,701 in 1986, resulting in 362 deaths and 7,539 injuries, while in 1985 there were 524 deaths,

Brig. Ahmad Abul Saoud. assistant director general of the Public Security Department stem the spread of road acci-(PSD) for traffic affairs, has dents.

formed a number of committees to help spread awareness among the members of the public about safety on roads through various campaigns that involve publications, pamphlets, radio and tele-

vision programmes. According to Brig. Abul Saond, a subcommittee on roads will discuss ways of marking dangerous spots and bends along roads in the Kingdom, especially places where recent accidents have occurred.

Brig. Abul Saond said that the PSD is increasing traffic patrols in a bid to deter motorists from speeding, overtaking in an improper manner, or not staying within proper lanes. Patrol units, he said, will continue to check vehicles' road worthiness. He also cantioned drivers to abide by traffic regulations. All these measures, he said, are designed to

New booklet offers timely facts on accommodations

to encourage tourism in Jordan and highlight the country's attractions, the Jordan Hotels' Association (JHA) has recently published a booklet which provides both tourists and nationals with useful information about hotels, rest houses, and pensions in the

Kingdom. The 32-page illustrated Jordan Hotels Directory is the first English language guidebook of its nine rest houses dotting various

parts of the country. This valuable booklet is a Agaba.

AMMAN (J.T.) — In its efforts source of information for tourists seeking the services of three-star, four-star and five-star hotels, carefully and attractively prosented in alphabetical order. Information is provided on the number and type of rooms in each hotel, services and facilities offered together with telephone, telex and post office box num-

An introduction to the booklet gives an interesting description of kind issued by the JHA. It the ancient and archaeological abounds with the most up-to-date sites and other tourist attractions, information about 34 hotels with special attention to the feafound in Amman, Aqaba, Petra, tures of Amman, the Roman Irbid and Azraq, in addition to ruins of Jerash, the Nabataean city of Petra, the desert castles of Jordan and the winter resort of

Roman reservoir at Jiza hides grandeur in simple setting

perfection.

Text and Photographs By Josephine Zananiri

Special to the Jordan Times

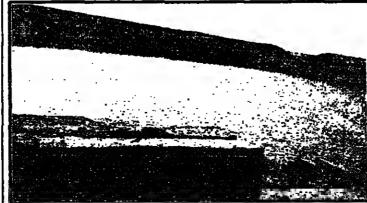
AMMAN - Roman ruins like Byzantine mosaics are scattered across west Jnrdan; none, however, is stranger than the Roman reservoir of Jiza. The gigantic structure has a capacity to hold 23 million gallons of water, according to Fr. Eugene Hoad's book, A Guide to Jordan. Surprisingly modern in its simple setting and construction, the reservoir is trapped in a valley between two low hills, and hlends admirably with the desert landscape. The dam is easily missed by passersby who usually consider it as a relatively new structure. Actually, the dam is probably 2000 years

The reservoir walls are con-

blocks of stone. Hundreds of them no doubt were quarried from the nearby hills and hauled to the dam site. The walls are thick and sturdy, rising around 15 feet above the spring water level. The dam must originally have had a fine walkway around its parametres; however, it is now overgrown with yellow summer flowers. At one corner of the reservoir, a stairway leads down from the ground level into the water below, possibly securing access to

A small access dam to the right is connected with the major one by three spillways, gracefully cut out of the surrounding rock. Now, the little reservoir is unused and overgorwn with grass and spring flowers. The dam must have presented a wonderful sight to the Roman legions marching southward. A small well not far structed from gigantic rectangular from the reservoir probably

the water in dry times.



The Roman reservoir at Jiza is easily missed by tourists. Yet, it is probably over 2000 years old and still holds 23 million gallons of

dry times. Small metal steps were added, most likely a precaution against exceptionally dry times. The well is constructed from the same stone as the reservoir, yet each block is chiseled into curved

Why did the Romans build

such a huge dam in Jiza? The lack of ruins suggest that the area was never a large population centre. However, the road through Jiza formed part of a major trading route dating from pre-Nabatacan times. The reservoir, it appears, was built to service the road and not a town. It may well have had a Nabataean equivalent prior to the arrival of the Romans. For both the Roman and Nabataean empires the water from Jiza was prohably used for agriculture, as well being a strategic location. The legions and traders probably used the water for refreshment on their perilous journeys through the desert.

The huge water storage area had an effect on the subsequent development of Jiza. Both an Arab fort and a pilgrim station were built close by, ohviously making use of plentiful supply of water.

The pilgrim station is an interesting tructure consisting of many small chambers leading from a central courtyard. The station is constructed of stone. mostly loose rocks found nearby and stacked up organically, forming the walls. Roofs were probably vaulted, although the few remaining ones are now derelict. Doorways are arched and use more uniformly sized stones. The



The pilgrim station, once a refreshing stop for wearied travellers, is now in ruins. The walk, pictured here, have been collected from the

various chambers have been plastered with a mixture of mud and straw, giving a smooth finish to the rough stone texture. Very little of the plastering remains,

The Arah fort is an imposingly high building still used by the Jordanian Army. It rises majestically from the hillside and overlooks the Roman reservoir. Its impressive structure — stone upon stone rarely broken by win-dows — gives the fort, with its large two or three story barricks. the appearance of a medieval

fortress. The fort has a place in Jordan's history. In 1840, it was the site of a pitched battle between the Bani Sakhr tribe and the forces of

Ibrahim Pasha. The modern traveller, speeding through Jizz, would comprehend little of the historic significance of

the sleepy village. Yet, the little town is a vital link in the chain of the region's history. Its waters have quenched the thirst of the earliest traders who moved with the great camel caravans carrying on the world's first trade in luxuries. The placid waters of the dam provided Rome's great armies with the refreshment they needed to conquer lands, and create the mightiest empire ever known.

Undoubtedly, the many armies that crossed the Levant praised Roman expertise which created this reservoir of water in the middle of the desert. The pilgrims, too, from the northern Islamic countries, who made the journey through Jordan on the way to Mecca, must have thanked the Romans for creating the luxury of such a body of water.

Women, get up and go

THE General Federation of Jordanian Women's (GFJW) announcement yesterday of initiating an intensive media campaign to educate women here about their constitutional and political rights in anticipation of the expected general parliamentary elections deserves all our support and respect.

We see this as a positive contribution for the benefit of women in general and the society and country at large. In fact, the federation's decision to formulate an action plan for the forthcoming election is an indication of the determination to add up to the already encouraging performance during the 1984 by-elections and the pioneering initiatives taken by two other ladies who ran for municipal elections in Jordan recently. It also means that resolutions of previous seminars on the importance of allowing women to assume a larger role in the Kingdom's socio-economic and political life have now actually been strongly supported by the federation which embraces over 15,000 members all over Jordan.

If the federation's drive for more active participation by women in the country's public life - be it through raising women's awareness of their constitutional and political awareness or in urging them to stand for elections or supporting potential women candidates — then this means a big step forward in bringing women-related issues to the forefront at the legislative level. This step in itself should enhance our women's role at the decision-making level and should mean more weight behind any of their future schemes.

Indeed, a higher profile for women in our public life is long overdue. We simply cannot ignore the role that the other half of the population can play in the nation-building process. It is now that women have to grasp such an opportunity and put their own house in order to move forward all the time. Their action plan should focus on reaching both the educated and uneducated women in the Kingdom, with the final not stopping at merely winning attention during vote registration and actual elections.

Promoting women issues and causes is a goal for all times and places to work at and achieve. The time has come for our women to throw all their weight behind causes as good as getting registered for vote-casting and for electing and getting elected to public offices.

It is simply unacceptable for men alone to sit and take decisions that shape the lives of both men and women without the latter taking part in the formulation of these decisions. And it is in this context that our blessings and full support go to the federation's new initiative, which we should all view as a qualitative jump from stereotyped work and paying lip service to important issues to effective and fruitful action.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra i: Jordan reaffirms position

THE past few weeks witnessed intensified campaigns for convening the international Middle East peace conference and for realising the objectives which such conference must achieve. Those who followed up the campaign and heard statements by Israeli leaders must have noticed that Israel has been keen on efforts designed to distort the idea of the conference and render it void of its real meaning. The Israelis have been striving to hold a ceremonial conference that can achieve nothing. In reply, Prime Minister Zaid Rifai referred to King Hussein's efforts which, he said, have succeeded in gaining support from various world nations to the idea of the conference. What Jordan aims to achieve is a conference where the concerned parties can reach a lasting solution for the Arab-Israeli conflict on the basis of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 338 and 242, and find a lasting settlement to the Palestine problem which is the core of the Arab-Israeli conflict. The conference should renounce all forms of violence and acts of terrorism carried out by states or individual. Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, said that the PLO should be invited to attend the conference as a basic party, directly involved in the future of the land and people of Palestine. Israel has been laying obstacles in the path of a settlement and the proposed international conference and in that context has been fabricating lies about agreements and contacts with Jordan, a ploy it hopes will serve its own ambitions and objectives.

Al Dustour: Rifai denies allegations

PRIME Minister Zaid Rifai made Jordan's position clear with regard to the proposed international conference and vis-a-vis false rumours circulated hy Israel about Jordan's policies. Mr. Rifai categorically denied reports and allegations about Jordan's contacts with Israel and said that Jordan has been striving over the past two years for convening this conference under Umted Nations auspices. He said that an international conference should be beld to implement Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 which would find a solution for the Palestine problem and end the Arab-Israeli conflict. Mr. Rifai said that Jordan is committed to its principles and its stand with regard to the international conference and there has been no change in that stand. He said that Israel's propaganda media and allegations can do nothing to change this stand though such propaganda is aimed at misleading world public opinion. Despite the fact that the majority of world nations are manimous about holding such a conference the Israelis continue to reject its idea.

Sawt Al Shaab: Israel leads disinformation campaign

IT is not difficult for anybody to discover for himself that Zionism was behind the current information campaign in certain Western media against Jordan. The reports which Western and foreign media circulated about Jordan's contacts and agreements with Israel are totally baseless as Prime Minister Zaid Rifai confirmed in his statement yesterday. These propaganda campaigns are designed to undermine Jordan's attempts to convene an international conference and achieve peace which conform to the resolutions of the Arah summit in Fez and which is designed to implement United Nations Security Council resolutions. As is usual for Israel, it leashed its media campaigns against Jordan with the hope of obstructing the current efforts for reaching a settlement and at the same time distorting Jordan's image and causing splits within Arah ranks. Israel described Jordan's suspension of its political coordination with the PLO leadership as a departure from Arab summit resolutions and therefore could indicate a change in this country's Middle East

Record of Washington's Iran-contra scandal is complex

By Rodney Pinder

WASHINGTON — Much already is known about the armsfor-Iran, cash-for-contras scandal that plunged President Reagan into his biggest crisis. Details of the weh of intrigue

spun over the Americas, Europe and the Middle East have emerged from a Tower Commission report to Reagan in February, a Senate intelligence committee report in January and

statements by participants.

But hitherto, the two White House officials believed to know the most about the secret operation to free six U.S. hostages in Lehanon — former national security adviser John Poindexter and aide Oliver North - have been silent.

They are expected to testify starting in June, under grants of immunity from prosecution, at joint House-Senate Iran-contra hearings scheduled to open on

May 5. The following chronology has been compiled from the Tower report, the Senate account, news leaks, statements hy principals and testimony before congres-

sional investigators: Aug. 31, 1984: President Reagan's national security adviser, Robert McFarlane, asks government agencies to reassess policy toward Iran. Relations were severed and an arms embargo imposed as a result of the hostage crisis of 1979-81 when 52 Americans were held in Tehran.

March 16: North drafts plan to support contra rebels, who seek the overthrow of Nicaragua's Sandinista government, with private funds during a congressional ban on U.S. military assistance.

June 17: McFarlane proposes to Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger and Secretary of State George Shultz that Iran be provided with war material. They reject the suggestion. Mid-July: Reagan, in a hospital

for abdominal surgery, authorises McFarlane to open contacts with August: Reagan verhally

approves weapons sales through Israel, according to McFarlane

and to president's original com-ment to investigators. Reagan now says he cannot remember. Ang 30: Israel sends Iran 100 U.S. Tow anti-tank missiles.

Sept 14: Israel sends 408 Tows, U.S. hostage Rev. Benjamin Weir freed. Nov. 25: 18 U.S. Hawk anti-

aircraft missiles delivered to Iran aboard a plane owned by a CIA front company.

Dec. 4: McFarlane resigns for personal reasons. Replaced by his deputy, Vice-Admiral John

Poindexter. Late 1985: Syria tells United States that hostage CIA man William Buckley has been tortured and killed by kidnappers.

Jan. 6: Reagan signs order anthorising weapons shipments. Tells Tower Commission he did

Jan. 17: Reagan signs revised secret order for arms sales. Late January: North offers Iran intelligence on Iraqi positions in war with Iran. CIA objections

overruled by NSC. Feb. 15-27: First shipment of arms from America's own stocks 1.000 Tows are despatched via

April 4: North memo says \$12 million of arms-sale profits to be used for contras.

Spring: Contras resume receiving guns and other supplies. Published reports link American husinessman and an associate of North, former air force General Richard Secord, who has since agreed to testify before congressional hearings without im-

April 17: Hostage Peter Kilburn killed.

"The U.S. government will make no concessions to terrorists."

May 25-28: McFarlane and North visit Tehran aboard a plane carrying Hawk spare parts and gifts including a kosher chocolate cake baked in Israel. Iran keeps the parts, does not deliver the hostages. Airport guards eat the

June 11: Poindexter tells North that Assistant Secretary of State Elliott Abrams had asked the Sontheast Asian sultanate of Brunei to donate money to con-

July 26: Rev. Lawrence Jenco released in Lebanon. North says this a result of the mission to Tehran.

Aug. 3: United States send Iran more Hawk spares. Sept. 9: American Frank Reed

Sept 12: American Joseph Cicippio kidnapped in Lebanon. Oct. 3: Reagan signs a Bible given to Iranian officials. Oct. 21: American Edward

Tracy kidnapped in Lebanon. Oct. 30-31: 500 Tows and Hawk spares delivered to Iran. Nov. 2: Hostage David Jacob-

Nov. 3: Lebanese magazine Al Shiraa reveals Iran affair.

sanjani confirms McFarlane visit.

Nov. 13: Reagan on television denies arms sales were merely arms-for-hostages swap, says he wanted to renew a relationship with a strategically important country, stop the Iran-Iraq war, end Iran's support for terrorism and win the release of the hos-

Nov. 25: Contra diversion dis closed. Reagan fires North and Pomdexter resigns.

Poindexter resigns.

Dec. 1, 3 and 9: North,

Poindexter and Second invoke

fifth amendment rights against

self-incrimination and refuse to answer questions before congressional committees.

Dec. 2: Reagan names Frank

Carineci to succeed Poindenter. Dec. 4: Senate and House lead Nov. 4: Iranian parliament ers announce special Watergare-speaker Ali Akbar Hashemi Raf-style committees to investigate

Dec. 18: CIA chief William Casey has brain fumour surgery.

Dec. 19: Lawrence Walsh named independent counsel to look into possible criminal offences.

Jan. 24: Americans Alam Steen, Robert Polhill and Jesse Jan. 27: Reagan, in state of Turner kidnapped in Beirut. mion address, says serious mas-takes were made and that he

assumed full responsibility. Jan. 29: Senate intelligence committee releases its report,

Casey resigns.
Feb. 2: Casey deputy, Robert,
Gates, nominated as CIA chief.
Feb. 26: Tower Commission responsible for Iran operation finds Reagan and chief advisers "Chaos."

Chaos."
Feb. 27: White House chief of 151 (# staff Donald Regan resigns re-placed by former Sen. Howard

March 3: Reagan nominates
FBI Director Wilham Webster to take over the CIA after Gates withdraws his nomination.

March 4: Reagan accepts Towturned into an arms-for-hostages deal, calls it a mistake.

March 14: Reagan absolves

Shultz and Weinberger of blame. March 18: Senate, House agree to limited immunity for Poinder ter and North, and agree to hold joint hearings.

March 19: Reagan, at nows. conference, denies any know-

ledge of contra diversion, defends motivation for arms sales but I O says, "I would not go down that - " same road again."
April 29: Walsh obtains first

guilty plea in scandal from Cod 2 LA



Gandhi faces showdown with Indian president Singh might try to dismiss Gandhi

By Moses Manoharan

12 week's time, look set for a con-contract. frontation next week over their constitutional powers, according to senior figures in the ruling

Congress (I) Party. President Zail Singh, 71 on May 5 and widely believed to be seeking a second five-year term, may try to dismiss Prime Minist-ter Rajiv Gandhi, 42, but this would be answered hy a move hy Congress (I) members of parlia-

ment to impeach Singh, they said.

A Congress leader, who did not want to be named, said Gandhi was expected to seek an extension of the current parliamentary sessions beyond its scheduled end on May 7.

This would permit Congress (I), which enjoys a massive majority in both houses of parliament, quickly to reinstate Gandhi if Singh ordered his dismissal, the

He said confrontation between

Singh's action was viewed as another attempt to embarrass Gandhi and build up a case for his dismissal on charges of corruption or violating provisions of the Indian constitution, the leader

Rajesh Pilot, Gandhi's close associate and a junior minister, told Reuters: "Knowing him (Singh) personally, he is not of that nature. But if this unbelievable thing (dismissal of Gandhi) happens, it will be the murder of democracy."

Pilot said a party strategy was expected to be hammered out on the issue by May 4. "We can deal

with the situation," he added. Singh's letter on the Bofors scandal was the latest in a series of exchanges in the past 11 weeks - a conflict which Indian news-papers have said is being used by not anyone else." the president as a weapon to

the two had seemed inevitable negotiate a second term.
since Singh wrote to Gandhi Gandhi, the well-groomed asking for a briefing on allega-Reuter since Singh wrote to Gandhi asking for a briefing on allegations that Sweden's Bofors company had paid kickbacks to Indident, whose term expires in only

> Gandhi and Singh, the country's two highest officials, returned to New Delhi on May 2 after separate tours of Indianstates during which they referred to their dispute.

The president in a rare conversation with reporters on Thursday said: "There is no controversy from our side."

In Bombay he added that as head of state he could not allow his government and the democratic institutions of the country to be weakened. The president, hy convention, does not give interviews or comment to reporters on major issues.

For his part Gandhi, speaking near Madras, told a May Day rally: "This government will Indian newspapers have said

the prime minister, a power which he might think he derives from the constitution ... or even to dissolve parliament and give the oath of office to another party member of parliament." The strained relations between

on grounds of violating his consti-

tutional duty to keep the presi-dent fully informed of all major

The independent Statesman

id senior Congress (I) leaders

had met Singh to ask him "not

(to) think in terms of dismissing

the president and the prime minister became public knowledge in March when the largest-circulation Indian newspaper printed the leaked text of Singh's first letter in which he accused Gandhi of misleading partiament by saying he had kept the president informed of important matters.

"That (our correspondence) remains private, but we have stuck very clearly by what is required by the constitution. I had talks with the president. There are still some questions

and we are sorting them out," Gandhi said in an interview last Congress (I) Party sources said

Gandhi's supporters would meet

any bid to dismiss him with retaliation including possible impeachment of the president. This would require the assent of two-thirds of the members of both houses of parliament - a margin Gandhi's party could

muster only with the support of its allies and the two main Communist parties. The Communist Party of India and the Communist Party of In-

dia, Marxist said in a joint statement they were against any moves to dismiss Gandhi. "(Anyone) who asks the president to embark on this path is in

effect advising him to organise a coup against the republican constitution," they said. Reuters the president was bound

Lawyer Salman Khurshid told. by the constitution to act only on the advice of the prime minister and the cabinet except in the

appointment of a prime minister.

"Although in theory the presi- har M dent can dismiss a prime minister, 1825. it would be wrong to accept the bland proposition that he can WE dismiss a prime minister who has majority support in the house," Khurshid said.

hurshid said.
Indian newspapers have said to be Singh could take advantage of vitor grey areas in the constitution to a la dismiss Gandhi and call another 🛬 🛊 Congress (I) leader to head the government. Alternatively he might send a message to parliament detailing corruption or other. charges against Gandhi.

Singh has in the past few weeks combarrassed Gandhi by demanding a briefing on each of a series of major corruption scandals which have crupted here. Among these are the controversial hiring of a U.S. detective agency to investigate Indian funds held abroad illegally and the Bofors

"It is a war of nerves going on between the two of them and it will continue until the president retires," the Congress (I) leader

China's first woman governor tackles'mother-in-law' problem

By Andrew Roche

NANKING, China — The governor of Jiangsu. China's richest province, is typical of the toughminded technocrats spearheading the country's economic reforms

 in all respects except one.
 Gu Xiulian is the only female provincial governor in a nation where a mere handful of women have risen to positions of power in three decades since Mao Tsetung asserted that "women hold up half the sky."

Her post is one of the most sensitive governorships in China. Booming Jiangsu, north of Shanghai. is in the forefront of the nation's drive for modernisation, which involves increasing contacts with the outside world and market-oriented economic re-

Gu, a high-flying economic planner before her appointment as governor in 1983, describes the biggest difficulty facing Jiangsu in terms ordinary Chinese women would instantly recognise.

"We have too many mothersm-law, always looking over our shoulders," she told Reuters. The "mothers-in-law" are Gu's

nickname for the bureaucrats in Peking, whose interference in local economic experiments is often seen as a time-wasting nui-

This year they have ordered Gu's administration to perform a

major juggling act.
Jiangsu must cut "overheated" investment in rural industry and wage an ideological campaign against Western political ideas without scaring away foreign in-

The instructions came amid a crackdown by Communist Party conservatives alarmed that the loosening of central control caused by the reform programme had gone too far. But Gu. whose parents har-

boured Communist guerrillas before the Chinese revolution and produced five party members among their six children, sticks firmly to the official line when asked about the recent political upheavals.

She said student demonstrations in the provincial capital of Nanking in December, when protesters stoned the windows of government huildings, were the result of "bourgeois liberalisation" - China's code phrase for Western democratic ideas.

She was tight-lipped on the sacking of reformist party leader Hu Yaobang for what was alleged to be slack ideological leadership, saying: "There has been quite enough in the newspapers about that already. We support the party's decision."

Gn, 49, a native of Jiangsu who is married to a nuclear scientist and has two sons, also takes the party line on women's rights. "In Jiangsu we already have colleagues.

several woman cadres. If women feel they are discriminated against at work they can take their problem to the women's federation," she said, referring to the national women's organisation which is under close party control. But she would not be drawn on

what further measures might increase the number of women in senior political posts. "Of course there is some pre-

judice, but women also have to make an effort," she said. Gu herself works a minimum 12-hour day and said male support had been vital to her success.

"Many Chinese men would not like to see a woman in their family doing so much. My husband and sons however support me completely," she said. Although a member of the party's central committee, Gu de-

votes much of her energy to bypassing the "mothers-in-law" so that she can lohby China's top leaders directly.
"I once had to chase around

after Premier Zhao Ziyang to explain one problem the province was having," she said. Gu finally cornered him on a

train and told him what she thought. "All right, I agree with Zhao eventually replied. Gu's personal style is as forceful as that of most Chinese politicians - and considerably more political power.' lively than many of her male

Nakasone fails to dispel doubts about his political future

By Rich Miller

TOKYO - Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone may have made the best of a bad situation during his trade talks in Washington last week but he failed to dispel lingering doubts about his political future, political analysts have

With his popularity badly tarnished by Japan's strained relations with the United States and his support for a controversial sales tax, Nakasone needed a major breakthrough to convince sceptics of his return to political favour.

He did not get it. "There are persistent voices calling for him to make the Venice summit (in June) his swan song," wrote political commenta-tor Masaru Ogawa in the Englishlanguage Japan Times.

Hosei University professor Kenzo Uchida forecast that Nakasone would resign after the Venice summit of leading industrial democracies and well before his term expires on October

"I still think Nakasone will step down after the Venice summit, Uchida told Reuters. "His talks with President Reagan did not do too much to help his weakened

Other analysts were not so certain. They said Nakasone's general Noborn Takeshita.

visit to Washington was not so disappointing as to force him to step down early.

They said that though Nakasone did not win any promise of specific U.S. action last week to holster the sagging dollar, Reagan did make clear that he was opposed to a further fall in the U.S. currency.

The dollar's 45-per-cent drop against the yen over the past two years has hit Japan hard, pricing its exporters out of world markets and sapping domestic business confidence.

Reagan also indicated that he moment appears to be Abe, night lift the trade sanctions although analysts said the politicmight lift the trade sanctions. Washington recently imposed on Japan before the Venice summit. But, with one eye on rising protectionist sentiment in the U.S. Congress, the president stopped short of definitely prom-

ising that.
"The Reagan talks gave an intravenous drip injection to Nakasone," Meiji University professor Kaoru Okano told Reuters. "He will be in office until his term ends in October."

leading contenders to succeed Nakasone had shown any sign of dollar. resigning their posts to challenge the prime minister.

They are Shintaro Abe, chair-

Nakasone said on May 3 in Washington the three so-called new leaders were cooperating closely with him to allow him a graceful retirement."

None of the three seems powerful enough to succeed Nakasone without the printe minister's support, analysts said. The Nakasone faction (in the party) ... will play a decisive role.

when Nakasone steps down," said Yoshio Sakurauchi, a former foreign minister and leading figure in that faction. The leading contender for the

al fortunes of all three had been fluctuating so wildly in recent months that this counted for little. The relative success of Naka-sone's trip to Washington relatis

well on Abe, who laid the groundwork for the prime minister by visiting the United States Both other candidates are hav-

ing problems. om ends in October."

As finance minister, Mayarawa.

Okano said none of the three has been blamed for the release. less rise of the yen against the

Takeshita has been mable to unite the powerful faction of fur-mer Prime Minister Kakner Tank man of the executive council of ka behind him. Takeshin a great the ruling Liberal Democratic being urged by some power broke.

Party, Finance Minister Kiichi era to leave the faction or from the Miyazawa and party secretary- own political group within the ruling party.

UAE minister joins contrasting worlds of oil and poetry U.S. supreme court

ABU DHABI — Mana Saced Al Oteiba moves between the two separate worlds of feelings and figures. He is the United Arab Emirates oil minister, and also an accomplished poet.

Born in 1946 to a prominent

family in the oil-rich emirate of Abu Dhabi, Oteiba has published 18 collections of poems on topics ranging from love to patriotism.

Equally versed in the language of oil barrels, production quotas and refinery output, Oterba became his country's first oil minister and a senior figure in the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC).

"I was a poet before I became a minister, and will continue to be so even if I quit my job ...," Oteiba told Reuters in a rare interview on his lesser-known

"Poetry has a distinguished place among my concerns be-cause in it I find myself. Poetry is part of my character, part of my passion ... through it I live and on its wings fly through boundless

Perhaps not surprisingly, Oteiba's most famous verses are on oil. With humour, perception, and occasional anger he penned his reflections on OPEC as the 13-nation group struggled to keep oil prices from falling in a glutted

market.

"As oil minister I have been in states of tension and anxiety at certain times. I wrote poetry to reflect this, with no courtesy to anyone ... What I wrote were frank words about oil's important

Oteiba was criticised by other OPEC ministers for a candid interview in 1985, the year of the group's 25th anniversary, in which he said organisation members were free to sell oil at any

He responded in verse. "Is it because, without apportioning praise, I bave exposed outright what's happening within OPEC that every loquacious cockerel raised such a din and

made declarations?" Harsh words were also reserved for Western oil companies and non-OPEC producers accased of trying to undermine the group. In one poem, he urged

"...Let us all unite in facing the most vicious of attacks, let us tighten our belts ... to make our defences effective.

Oteiba said the lines may have made a difference, but he is quick to point out the difference between his poetic and ministerial

"The poet's word is not that of a diplomat. He is not restricted to any rules and cannot be tried for his poetic statement like an oil minister. I express through my poems my feelings as an Arab man, not the official stand of a

Oteiba said he grew up in an artistic atmosphere. Both his father, a leading merchant, and his grandfather were noted poets.

He graduated from Baghdad University with a degree in economics and political science in 1963 and a year later became chairman of Abu Dhabi's oil department.

When Abu Dhabi joined six other emirates to form the United Arab Emirates (UAE) in 1971, Oteiba was named oil minister.

colleagues to abide by production He continued his studies, earning a doctorate with honours from Cairo University in 1977 for a thesis on "Oil and the Economies of the UAE.

His poetry, this year the subject of a doctoral thesis by a Beirut University student, includes eight collections of nabati (colloquial) verse, written in the dialect of Gulf Arabs and reflecting their experiences.

Asked which type of poetry was his favourite, Oteiba replied: "My poems are like my sons. You love all your sons and you cannot distinguish between them.'

But he said despite his pen-chant for nabati, "Immortality is for the classical poetry.'

In the artistic dehate between traditional and modern Arab poets, Oteiba sides with those inspired by such early giants as Abu Tammam, Al Mutanabi and Ibn Zaydoun.

But he called for a truce in the conflict between proponents of the modern and classical styles. 'Let all flowers bloom ... Those who have something to give, let them do so or let them hiess the



Mana Saced Al Otelba

Asian refugees change San Francisco's Tenderloin district

By Tom Carter

SAN FRANCISCO - The rundown section of downtown San Francisco known as "the Tenderloin" is slowly shedding its reputation as a centre of sleazy sex shows, streetwalkers and dere-

Thousands of Asian refugees have flooded the area since the late 1970s, and now the pungent odours of thick Turkish coffee and French cigarettes waft from shops and small cafes in the densely populated, revitalised dis-

"I walk down there and I think I'm in Vietnam," said a hotel clerk on nearby Geary Street. "We call it 'little Saigon'."

By some estimates, the 24,000 population of the Tenderloin ineludes some 12,000 Laotians, Cambodians and Sonthern bricks in their suitcases," said Chinese who once lived in

Vietnam. One day the district, where gambling parlours and nightclubs sprang up during the gold rush of 1849, may rival San Francisco's Japantown and Chinatown as a

tourist draw.
After World War Two, absentee owners allowed many flats and residence hotels to deteriorate. As rents rose elsewhere in the city, low-income people poured into the Tenderloin.

By 1970, the heart of the Tenderloin had a predominantly white male population and a high

As the United States pulled out of the Vietnam war, a wave of refugees found the Tenderloin's low rents a magnet.

"A lot of people think the Vietnamese came here with gold

Brad Paul, director of the North of Market Planning Coalition, a nonprofit neighbourhood action

"It's a myth, the wealthy Vietnamese went elsewhere after the fall of Saigon in 1975. We got the poor who came later," he said. The biggest influx of Viet-

namese came in 1978, followed in 1980 by Cambodians and in 1981 by Laotian refugees. A visit to the intersection of Leavenworth and Eddy Streets

illustrates the changes overtaking the area. A Chinese fish and meat market, its name emblazoned in pink and red, occupies one street

Next door is the Angkor restaurant, with tables that seat only the windows, have given the Cambodian eatery with formicacovered tables and linoleum floors high marks.

Beef stew with Chinese herbs and red tea is a favourite. "Cheaper than cheap," wrote one critic. Prices range from \$2.50 to \$4.50 a dish.

At a Vietnamese market slabs of salted dried fish hang over the meat counter. Trays are filled with small snails, tiny shrimp and mountains of beef.

A stack of 22-kilogramme bags labelled "Thai jasmine white rice, scented" fills one corner.

The shops were opened by the families who crowded into rooms they rented in the ageing huild-

mgs,
"These were extended families 28 patrons. Restaurant critics, and everyone worked," said according to copies of reviews in Paul. "They could rent a

businesses.

When the refugees arrived, they found the Tenderloin to be a neighbourhood already filled with social service agencies, soup kitchens, political action groups and great ethnie tolerance.

One grocer, 60-year-old Tom Thuy Young, a Chinese who had a grocery in Vietnam for 30 years, suggested in his broken English a pride in his new community.

"No welfare," said Young, wearing a three-piece suit, from behind his cash register. "We don't want. We want work. We have jobs. Business. Work hard. Twelve hours a day I work."

Before 1979, he added, waving finger toward the door; "Bad street. But now up, up, np."
Paul's 500-member neighbour-

storefront for \$200 then. hood group, started in 1980, now Groceries were the first includes 100 Southeast Asians. It spearheaded a move to stop developers from spending \$100 million in high-rise hotels that would have displaced hundreds of fami-

> It helped change the zoning laws to restrict the height of new huildings to eight storeys and require that all new construction contain some housing units.

> "The Tenderloin is like a village atmosphere now," said Sara Colm, co-editor of the Tenderloin Times, a 10-year-old nonprofit local newspaper that prints articles in four languages,

She admits the Tenderloin still has major problems.

"But the community is quickly activated politically and there's respect for what people here think," she said.

further ahead. And, he says,

"though we are quite optimistie

of finding a compound which will

inhibit the virus in the near fu-

Bayer will not give similar de-

tails on its own work, on the

grounds that it is too early to be

explicit. Oddly, the group owns

one orug which has been widel

tested as a possible AIDS treat-

ment, but has not itself taken part

ture, that's no cure."

ruling clears way for death-row executions

WASHINGTON - Hundreds of convicted murderers on death row are closer to execution after a landmark U.S. supreme court decision last week.

The 5-4 ruling put to rest one of the last sweeping challenges to the way capital punishment has been imposed in the United States. It also slammed the door on the only remaining legal claim for a reprieve for many of the nearly 1,900 prisoners conde-med to die, legal experts said.

The supreme court upheld the capital punishment system in Georgia even though a compre-hensive study found sharp racial disparities in the sentencing of killers in the state.

The court ruled against Warren McCleskey, a 36-year-old black man who was condemned to die for killing a white Atlanta police officer during a furniture store robbery in 1978.

His hopes to avoid death in the electric chair were based on the study showing that those who killed whites were 11 times more likely to be sentenced to death in

Georgia than killers of hlacks. Blacks who killed whites were sentenced to die three times more often than whites who killed whites, according to the study.

But the court rejected McCleskey's plea after finding no evidence of discrimination in his case or hy the Georgia legislature in enacting its death penalty law.

And in another 5-4 ruling, the

supreme court broadened the death penalty to include accomplices in murder cases who play a major role in the killing and display reckless disregard for human life.

The experts predicted that the rulings would quicken the pace of "It is shocking and out-

rageous," said Henry Schwarz-schild of the American Civil Liberties Union, who conceded that efforts would end to per-suade the high court that racial bias had impermissibly tainted death penalty cases.

He said the ruling would not trigger an immediate "bloodbath" for death-row inmates, but would result in a "slow and steady" increase in executions. There have been 70 since capital punishment was reinstated 11 years ago.

The Reagan administration has strongly advocated the death penalty as a deterrent to crime. Justice Department officials praised the decision and said that rejection of the death penalty law in Georgia would have prompted a spate of legal challenges by death-row prisoners seeking to overturn their sentences.

"It would have been a nightmare." said one senior Justice Department official, who asked not to be identified.

Paul Kamenar, a capital punishment supporter at the Washington Legal Foundation, said the ruling would speed the pace of executions.

"No system is perfect. Our system is probably the best in the world in meeting due process. At some point justice has to be

carried out," he said. Capital punishment foes vowed to shift their battle from the supreme court to the state legisla-

tures in an effort to restrict or abolish the death penalty in the 37 of the 50 states that now allow executions. But they acknowledged that

they face an uphill struggle in view of recent polls showing that an overwhelming number of Americans support the death penalty even though many believe it may be meted out un-

Dutch tobacco museum tells story of smoking By Martin Nesirky

Renter

GRONINGEN, Netherlands — You may love the weed or hate it, but there is no escaping the impact tobacco has had on the

fing on cigars in 1492 and reported the odd sight in his ship's branched out to use pipes, roll their own cigarettes, inhale snuff and chew tobacco.

smoking lohby has discovered an increasing number of compelling reasons why people should never

The Dutch Tobacco Museum when it reached Europe in the

Exhibits include a 2,000-yearold Mexican pipe fashioned as a snake's head, ornately decorated 17th century clay pipes and a mock-up of a 19th century tobacco shop. A cigarette manufacturer hased in Groningen donated the exhibits.

CHEN'S

CHINESE

RESTAURANT

Mecca Street, Yarmouk

Engineers' Housing

Estate, near Kilo

The museum shows that tobacco, the common name for the plants nicotiana tabacum and nicotiana rustica, first attracted attention in Europe for its supposed medicinal properties.

studied their powers and then helped introduce tohacco to France from Portugal in the

Not long afterwards, England's suggested Queen Elizabeth I might like a smoke. She found it "pleasant" and the habit spread among the English.

prompted to pen in 1604 "a counterblaste to tobacco," in which he condemned smoking as a "vile custome." He introduced such strict measures against pipemakers that many fled across the North Sea to the European continent where smoking began to

Tobacco was soon being cultivated in The Netherlands and elsewhere in Europe, hut demand was so great the commodity dominated early trading with set-

tohacco or further dried to crumhle and use as snuff.

CHINESE

RESTAURANT

TAIWAN TOURISMO

Authentic Chinese Food

Korean Bar-B-Q

Charcoal Flaming Pot

Take-away service

Open daily Noon - 3:30 p.m.

& 6:30 p.m. - midnight

Location: Near 3rd Circle

opposite Akilah Hospital

Tel: 641093

by Brazilian theologian

By Peter Muello . The Associated Press

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil -The Rev. Leonardo Boff, the priest whose defence of Liberation Theology upset the Vatican at the start of this decade, is facing new criticism over a book that the local Roman Catholic hierarchy has sharply condemned.

One Rio De Janeiro bishop, Karl Josef Romer, said the book "repeats ecclesiastical positions already censured" by the Vatican and "could only perturb, innovate and corrupt the common

Boff, already sentenced once to almost a year of "obedient silence" for criticising the church, says he fears a new punishment from Rome.

"This time it's even worse than before," the gray-bearded Roman Catholic priest said in a conversation with the AP. "I can't even defend myself. Whatever I say now, the conservatives in the church say 'call Rome." The controversial book, called

tion," was published in 1986 by Vozes, a publishing house run by the Franciscan seminary in Petropolis, 40 miles from Rio. Boff lives and works in Petropolis. Boff, 48, holds a doctorate in theology from the University of Munich and has written 44 books.

He is a symbol of the so-called

progressive" clergy and a cult

"Trinity, Society and Libera-

hero for the Brazilian left. "Brother Leonardo," as he is popularly called, is one of the fathers of Liberation Theology, popular in Latin America and other parts of the Third World. The theology associates spiritual liberation with freedom from social and economic oppression, and has been compared to

Marxism. His latest book uses a three-inone concept of the holy trinity -the Father, Son and Holy Spirit as a model for a new, egalitarian order in society and within the church itself.

"The trinity is our true social programme," Boff wrote. "Humanity understood as a union of persons, the trinity is the basis of a society of brothers and sisters, of equals."

As in past books, Boff links religious and political concepts. "Strict monotheism can justify totalitarianism and the concentration of power in one person, whether he be political or religions," Boff wrote.

In contrast, he noted, a trinityinspired church is "more communion than hierarchy, more service than power, more circular than pyramidal, more an embrace then a reverent bowing to anthorary."

The 296-page paperback sells for about \$3.60 and is in its third printing. The imprimatur, the required permission to publish from a church superior, was given by Bishop Adriano Hypolito. Also a Franciscan, he is known for his work with the poor.

However, the church officials charged with maintaining Cathohe dogma sharply criticised the book and rejected it for courses and seminary study in Rio.

The archdiocese commission for the doctrine of the faith in Rio De Janeiro reviewed Boff's book in the March edition of the hulletin of the clergy magazine. The review "vividly discouraged" Catholics from reading it.

The controversy has drawn national attention in Brazil, the world's largest Roman Catholic

In the past Boff has drawn the Vatican's ire for criticising what he called the "feudal" and "elitist" structure of the church, notably in his polemic 1981 book, "Church: Charisma and Power."

In 1984, Boff was summoned to Rome for questioning about his writings by the former inquisi-tional office, the holy congrega-tion for the doctrine of the faith. On the congregation's recom-mendation, the pope ordered Boff in May 1985 to keep "obe-dient slence" for an indefinite

period. The punishment was sus-

pended after 10 months.

Now, the Rio commission's report could lead to a new inquiry. "We cannot help but see in all this the same ecclesiastical options already censured," wrote Bishop Romer, president of the commission. "But now they are reinforced and worsened by a whole specious and fantastic trinity theory - that does not hesitate even to excuse violent revolts unleashed to destroy oppres-

Boff's reaction has been silence. He has refused to defend his book in public and has turned down requests for interviews.

The priest spoke briefly with the AP during a ceremony for the publication here of a book by Italian philosophy Professor Luigi Bordin entitled "Marxism and Liberation Theology," where Boff was the main speaker.

"On one hand, the controversy is good because it helps to divulge our ideas. But a lot of people simply don't understand," he

Boff said he had received letters of support from bishops across the nation and abroad, adding that he hoped the censure would remain limited to the Archdiocese of Rio.

The powerful national conference of Brazilian bishops, the church's ruling body here, so far has not commented.

Church censures new book West Germany steps up the war on AIDS emphasise that Wellcome is much

Tony Jackson explains how two leading West German companies, Hoechst and Bayer, have joined forces to produce a formidable research combination in the battle against Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome.

Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS), recent announcement that Hoechst and Bayer, twin pillars of German industrial science, are to join forces on AIDS research suggests a formidable combina-

Although both companies are thought of primarily as chemical manufacturers, each ranks among the world's five biggest drugmakers in its own right. Last year, their combined spending on pharmaceutical research totalled DM1.5 billion (\$820 million).

This is believed to be the first time the two have got together on a research project of any kind since the days when both were part of the colossal IG Farben combine, broken up hy the Allies

after World War II. Bayer, however has already set a precedent. The group has twice co-operated with rival German drug companies, once with E Merck on the development of a treatment for the tropical disease

BONN — In the worldwide race schistosomiasis and once with for a cure for Acquired Immune
Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS),

Schering on a diabetes drug.

It was Hoechst, though, which

West Germany is plainly deter-mined not to be left behind. The fessor Hans-Georg Gareis, the took the initiative this time. Proin board memb charge of pharmaceuticals, had reportedly watched the progress of AIDS with mounting concern. Eventually, prompted by anxiety that the industry should be seen to be doing its bit, he approached his opposite numbers and had agreement in principle within two

> Both sides emphasise that nothing is yet clear about the project beyond the principle itself. Indeed, neither seems yet to have much to contribute in terms of AIDS research, although Bayer is deliberately vague on that point. Hoechst, however, is unusual

> samples of the AIDS virus. According to Dr. Elmar Schrinner, head of chemotherapy at Hoechst, the group has an agreement with the Georg Speyerhaus, a Frankfurt research institute which has collected iso-

among commercial drug concerns

in that it works directly with

lates of the AIDS virus through its diagnostic work for Frankfurt hospitals.
"They have the right to work in

our laboratories here, in secure conditions," Dr. Schrinner says. We get supplies from them, and we are screening compounds against the virus." Like other drug researchers, Dr. Schrinner DOKING FOR a COM which will hinder the virus from reproducing itself. He concentrates on trying to

as reverse transcriptase, which viruses of the AIDS type technically known as retroviruses produce as an essential stage of their replication. "We see the possibility of in-hibiting other retroviruses, both cell culture and in animal

interfere with the enzyme known

models." he says. "But we have not managed to inhibit the AIDS virus in vivo though we have managed to suppress it in cell cultures. We know part of the action is as a reverse transcriptase inhibitor, but there is more to it than that." The compound sounds in prin-

ciple similar to AZT, the AIDS

treatment from the drug company

Wellcome which is already on the market in the U.K. and U.S. But

Dr. Schrinner is at pains to

m the testing. This drug is suramin, the active ingredient in a 60-year-old Bayer drug against sleeping sickness cal-led germanin. In 1979, a Belgian professor found that suramin inhibited reverse transcriptase in retroviruses generally, and it was subsequently shown to act against

the AIDS virus. Worldwide investigations are still in progress, with Bayer sup-plying the ingredient and passing on any historical information it has about the drug, but not other-wise taking part. The reasons for this are not clear, but Bayer probably has little to lose. Suramin is reportedly highly toxic when taken in high enough doses for AIDS, and seems no longer to hold the promise it did a couple of years ago — Financial Times

world, as an unusual museum in this northern Dutch town relates. Since a bemused Christopher Columbus watched Cubans puf-

And starting with King James I of England in 1604, the antitouch the stuff.

in the old university town of Groningen tells the story of a habit which started centuries before Columbus bumped into the Americas and found the inhabitants smoking, but took off only 16th century.

French diplomat Jean Nicot, who gave his name to the plants,

So much so, King James was flourish too.

tlers in North America. At that time tobacco was sold as bound bundles of leaves and pieces were flaked or cut off at the shop ready for use as pipe

INDIAN RESTAURANT Chicken Tekka

Inn

Welcomes you to its unique Indian food Jabal Amman, 3rd Circie, opposite City Bank, Tel. 642437



GREEK TAVERNA

CORFU



Tel. 638968



Wadi Saqra Road - near Traffic Amman, Jordan Tel: 661922

p.m. until one a.m.

Supermarket Mongolian Barbeque for and welcomes clients from six funch and dinner Friday Tel: 818214 Come and taste our specialities Open daily 12:00 - 3:30 p.m. 6:30 - Midnight

To advertise in this section



The ideal Residence for EVERY . **Expatriates & Businessmen** DAY DAROTEL DE LEGISE Tel: 668193 - Telex 23888 DAROTL

Luxuriously furnished studio apartments To Satisfy Good Taste

HOTEL * APARTOTEL *

RESTAURANT

Shmeisani - Amman





SHAKHSHIR **Rent A Car** 25% Discount Short and long terms

2. Full insurance Automatic and Air-condition cars 4. Always new cars with good service

Middle East Hotel Tel; 668958



Phone 667171-6

Real Madrid to appeal

MADRID (R) — Real Madrid will appeal on Tuesday against the stiff sanctions handed out by

the European Football Union

(UEFA) for the behaviour of

players and fans during last

month's European Cup semifinal

Real President Ramon Mendo-

za said in a television interview

Sunday night the appeal had been drawn up the club's lawyers and

would be reviewed by directors

on Monday before being sent to

UEFA headquarters in Zurich

The Spanish champions have

been ordered to play their next two home matches in European

competition behind closed doors

with no television or radio broad-

Mendoza declined to specify

the basis of Real's appeal, but stressed what he called the pro-

vocations hy some of the Munich

players who made insulting ges-

Officials say the 'no-crowd'

punishment could cost the club

more than \$1.5 million in lost

Real Madrid edges

Real Maliorca

On Sunday night, Real Mad-rid, eager to polish their tar-

nished image, scored a convinc-

ing 3-0 win at home to Real

Mallorca to move two points clear of Barcelona at the top of

Barcelona conld manage only a

the Spanish first division.

Bayern tie.

rest of the team.

tures at the crowd.

against Bayern Munich.

against UEFA sanctions

Sweden beats Canada to win 1st world hockey title in 25 years

VIENNA (AP) - Thanks to a Viennese court ruling, a 9-0 thrashing of Canada and a tight final-round Soviet victory, Sweden won its first title in 25 years at the World Hockey Championships.

on goal differential, and Czechoslovakia was third in the tournament that included one of the higgest hockey controversies

The controversy was over a Polish-born West German player and ended up with a Viennese court effectively deciding whether Finland or Sweden made the playoffs.

The court wrangle developed after the International Ice Hockev Federation (IIHF) nullified West German victories over Canada and Finland in the preliminary round. But the world hockey body temporarily had to restore the wins after an injunction by the regional court of

According to the IIHF, the West German team used an ineligible player, Miroslav Sikora, who played for his native Poland at the 1977 World Junior Championships and thus could not play here for the Germans.

Canada and Finland lost to

league title

38th goal of the season on Sunday

failed to prevent Everton winning

the English Erst division soccer

due for the second time in three

Eventon clung on to the lead

are ocean in the first minute at

Norwich to win 1-0 and ensure

that the championship trophy

would be making the short jour-ney from Antield to Goodison

The three points Everton pris-

ed from their trip to Norwich was

enough to carry them beyond the

reach of Liverpool, who had to

wait until the 83rd minute at

Anfield for Rush to score his 29th

league goal of the season. It

carned them a 1-0 win over Wat-

play compared to Liverpool's

boast a four-point lead.

At the other end of the table.

Aston Villa's 2-1 home defeat by

IMMIGRATION TO CANADA?

We can help you with Lates Information regarding:

Job Offers - Do you need one?

Sell-Employed Business-men Visa - How to Qualify.

The Investor/Entrepreneur - Your Entry Roule Guide. Independent and Family/ Relative Class - Increased Admissions for 1987.

tames to

ford.

Everton retains

LONDON (R) — 1an Rush's Sheffield Wednesday cost them

The defending champion Soviets played. Initially, the federation finished second behind Sweden overturned the results, giving both Canada and Finland 5-0 victories. That left Finland and Sweden even in points, but the Finns would have qualified for

the medal pool because they beat

Sweden 4-1. The federation asked the judge to withdraw the injunction, but his ruling, claiming the IIHF acted unconstitutionally in nullifying the West German victories, stood. As a result, Sweden qualified instead of Finland.

"We won our games and would have qualified anyway if the whole thing had not happened," Swedish coach Tommy Sandlin

The Soviet team, hoping for an unprecedented 21st rule, did not lose a game here, but had two decisive ties in the medal round. against Sweden and Canada.

Overall, the Russians are the best team in the world, but we had better tactics, and that is what has decided it," Sandlin

Playing the first match Sunday West Germany in games Sikora and entering the last leg of the

their place among the elite of English soccer. They won the

First Division Championship in 1981 and the European Cup the

following year.

Bui Charlton Athletic and

Manchester City, favourites to

accompany Villa into the second

division, kept alive their hopes of

survival with gutsy victories. Charlton pulled off a stunning

3-0 win at Newcastle, 18-year-old

debutant Carl Leihurne scoring

one of their goals, and City beat

Welsh international Van Den

Hauwe, scorer of Everton's goal

after only 45 seconds at Carrow road on Monday, is not even

guaranteed a championship med-

al. Like so many of his team-

mates, he has struggled against

injury and he was making only his

ninth first team appearance of the

Trevor Steven pass following a

corner, Everton clung on to their

lead with gritty determination rather than displaying the flowing

football that is the Goodison

Rush was made captain for the

day on his final appearance at

Anfield before joining Juventus next season and he responded,

almost inevitably, with a goal.

Seven minutes from time he

showed the Watford defence a

clean pair of beels as he picked up

a John Aldridge flick and ham-

mered his 20th goal for Liverpool

n a seven-year spell at Anfield.

When the game ended Rush did a lap of honour before strip-

ping off his number nine shirt and tossing it into the crowd at the top

Watford manager Graham Taylor said of Rush: "He is the

best goalscorer I have ever seen

and I hope he goes on and does

Tottenham's Glenn Hoddle,

another of the English game's

heavyweights who hopes to be

parading his considerable skills

for a continental club next sea-

son, said farewell to White Hart Lane in the grand manner hy helping the F.A. Cup finalists to a

4-0 win over Manchester United.

son described his side's perform-

ance as "embarrassing."

United manager Alex Fergu-

trademark.

end.

BRITISH LADIES OF AMMAN

Meeting at Holiday Inn - Wednesday, 6th May, 10:00 a.m.

AGM Members only.

Please attend for "special surprise"!

Social meeting - all welcome - Holiday Inn Wednesday, 13th May, 4:00 p.m.

LIGHT PLUS

After he had fired home a

Nottingham Forest 1-0.

medal round fied with the Soviets with two points, Sweden needed to rout Canada. The spirited team Sweden, which now has won four world fitles, opted for all-out speed on attack.

The Swedes raced to a 3-0 first period lead on goals by Thomas Rundquist, Mikael Andersson and Andres Eldebrink.

'We played Swedish-type hockey, with fast attacks and strong defence," assistant coach Curt Lindstrom said. "At the beginning of this tournament, we had good defence, hut also problems with our attacks. This time, it all worked fine."

Lars-Gunnar Pettersson and Bengt-Ake Gustafsson connected in the second period. In the third period, Haken Loob, Lars Molin, Peter Sundstrom and Anders Carlsson added four more Swedish goals to hand Canada its heaviest defeat at the world championships since 1977 in Vienna, when the Soviets trounced them 11-1.

"We wanted to play a very competitive game, hut it just did not work." Canadian coach Dave King said.

By contrast to that free-scoring encounter, Czecboslovakia led 1-0 against the Soviet Union for more than 50 minutes. A Czech victory would have won the world

(NBA) team to win a five-game

playoff series after trailing 2-0,

now face another tough assign-

ment in the Los Angeles Lakers.

the wall, every game has been a

pressure game, and we've answered the call," said Purvis

Short, making the first NBA

playoff appearance of his nine-

year career. "The layoff will burt

the Lakers more than us. We're

ready to play."
Golden State, making its first

playoff appearance since 1977,

defeated Utah 118-113 at Salt Lake City Sunday to advance to

the second round against the Lak-

ers, who swept Denver in three

games and haven't played since Wednesday. The Lakers, 65-17 in

the regular season, play host to

The only other time an NBA

team has won a best-of-five series

after trailing 2-0 was in 1956 when

Fort Wayne defeated St. Louis.

The best-of-five format was not

used for 16 seasons between 1968

In other games Sunday, Mil-

waukee beat Philadelphia 102-89

to win that first-round series 3-2,

and Detroit edged Atlanta 112-

111 in a second-round opener.

On Saturday, Seattle beat Hous-ton 111-106 in overtime to open

On Tuesday, it's Milwankee at

Boston, Detroit at Atlanta and

Scattle at Houston along with

Joe Barry Carroli scored 24

points and Larry Smith tipped in

a rebound with 17 seconds left for

cars, miscellaneous items.

Cheer Up

Golden State at the Lakers.

that second-round series.

and 1983.

"We've had our backs against

Warriors face Lakers in

NEW YORK (AP) — The Golden State, which led 87-65 in den State Warriors, the second the third quarter, but had to hold National Basketball Association off a Utah rally.

next round of playoffs

title, but the Soviets rallied for a

2-1 win. At 12:43 of the third period, Vladimir Krutov, the leading scorer in the tournament, scored his 11th goal on a power play. Just over two minutes later, the Soviets got the winning goal when Igor Stelnov fired in a slapshot from near the blue line.

The only goal for Czechoslovakia was scored at 9:41 of the first period hy Antonin Stevjana with his team holding a 5-on-3 skating

For the Swedes, it was an unexpected victory that came two years before they had hoped it

might.
We did not expect to win here and that is why this title means more to us," said Swedish team captain Gustafsson. "We are a young team which was preparing to win the title at the world championships in Stockholm in 1989, but it is great to have it already

Canada, winner of 19 gold medals, placed fourth at the eight-nation tournament, its worst showing since 1981.

The United States finished seventh, one place lower than last year in Moscow. Switzerland dropped out of the

A Pool by placing last, and will be replaced at the next championship by Poland.

"All year we've felt like we

could play better and now we're

playing like we're capable," Car-roll said. "You can't imagine

wbat it feels like until you get

when Mark Eaton hit a free

throw when he was fouled by

Chris Mullin with 39 seconds left.

points and 14 rebounds, put Gol-

den State ahead 116-111 when he

tipped in a rebound. Eric

"sleepy" Floyd, who had 21

points and 14 assists, stole Kelly

Tripucka's inbounds pass with 17

seconds left to spoil Utah's com-

State in the four previous games

in the Salt Palace this season, was

and Bailey and Darrell Griffith

Milwaukee eliminated Phi-

Craig Hndges keyed a 17-2 run

ladelphia for the second straight

season and ended Julius Erving's

with two 3-point baskets and a 2-pointer as the Bucks turned a

69-67 lead late in the third quar-

ter into an 86-69 rout with 8:53

left. Hodges scored all of his 14

came with a lineup that included

reserves Hodges, Paul Mokeski and Dudley Bradley. Assistant coach Del Harris was in charge of

the team after coach Don Nelson

was ejected with two technicals in

Cheer Up

the second quarter.

FOR SALE

Furniture, household appliances, dishwasher, television,

Information: Tel. 656912

every morning from 8 to 1

Talk of the Town

New In Amman

To all those who chase the stars at night the

SAMBOOSAH BUFFET

Serves delicious Indo-Pak food. Quick snacks.

Shanana Centre (33) Jabal Hussein A.S. Huneidi and Sons Co.

Tel. 679876

late-late non-stop" take away shop -

Much of the decisive spurt

points in the fourth period.

with 19 apiece. Bucks 102, 76ers 89.

basketball career.

Utah, which defeated Golden

Smith, who finished with 12

The Jazz got as close as 114-111

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Amman Little League

May 1

Gen. Compt. and Electr. 19 vs Nashashibi/Ebbini 22

Jordan Worsted Mills 28 vs Volvo 27

Seiko 11

Signode-Jamco 13

Danish Dairy 25

Furukawa 15

Al Ahlyah 5

Near East 4

Samar 5

Istiklal 3

vs Mercedes Benz 15

vs Jordan Express 19

vs Eagle Engineering 7 vs Westing House 24

vs Dorma 17

Coach Pitch

Kid Pitch

Soft Ball

vs Wang 12

vs Squibb 8

vs Ericsson 20

here on Monday to take part in Saddam International Olympic Shooting Championships, which will be held here on Saturday. The team comprises 19 members, including players, referees and administrative staff. Taking part in the championship will be teams from Kuwait, Yugoslavia and Iraq.

asked for more than £350,000 (\$600,000), Fenerbahce executive said Monday." After be came with such a high figure, we invited him to negotiate, but we made no counter offer," Fenerbahce official Yuksel Gunay told Reuters. He said Atkinson wanted to bargain with Fenerbahce on the phone from England, but the Turkish club beclined to discuss monetary issues by telephone and invited him to Istanbul. "There was no word from England since then and the affair seems to be over. We have no contacts with other managers from England," Gunay added.

1STANBUL (AP) — Zeki Ozturk of Turkey won the Golden Horn Half-Marathon Sunday in 1.03:04 hours. Two others Turks, Ahmet Altun and Zeki Atli, came in second and third in 1.03:18 pated in the race that was included in the calendar of the International Amateur Athletics Federation (IAAF) this year. The 21.1-kilometre race was run along the remains of the Byzantine walls and ended at the bank of the 7.5-kilometre Golden Horn waterway, which runs into the Bosporus that divides Europe and Asia.

Philippines win sudden death play-off

the first hole of a sudden death play off to give the Philippines a 2-1 victory over hosts Malaysia in the Dunhill Cup Golf Pacific final Sunday. The two teams go through to the cup final at St. Andrews, Scotland, on Oct. 1-4. Rudy Lavares tied the score for the Philippines when he beat Malaysia's Sahabudin Yusof 71-75 after Frankie Minoza went down to Sahabudin's elder brother Nazamudin, 74-72. Malaysia's Marimuthu Ramayah made a late charge with birdies at the 16th and 17th holes to force the play off against Bagtas, who was comfortably leading over the first nine.

Camacho beats Davis in junior welterweight

ATLANTIC CITY, New Jersey (AP) — Hector "Macho" Camacho outslugged and outhustled Howard Davis on the inside

Local team in Iraq for shooting contest

BAGHDAD (Petra) - The Jordanian shooting team arrived

Turkish club's talks with Atkinson fail

ISTANBUL (R) — An offer by Istanhul's Fenerbahce soccer club of a managerial post to England's Ron Atkinson failed after he

Turk wins Golden Horn Half-Marathon

and 1.04:20. A total of 2,011 runners, including athletes from the United States, United Kingdom, Austria and Hungary partici-

KUALA LUMPUR (R) - Eddie Bagtas sank a 15-foot putt on

to capture a 10-round unanimous decision in his junior welterweight boxing debut Saturday at the Atlantic City Convention Centre. Camacho, the former World Boxing Council Junior Lightweight and outgoing lightweight champion, overwhelmed Davis in the first, second and eighth rounds of the nationally televised bout. He landed right hooks, right upper cuts and straight lefts against Davis, the 1976 Olympic gold medallist.

FOR RENT **Modern Furnished Apartment**

A roof apartment with telephone, central heating, built-in cupboard & television.

Two bedrooms, large living room, two bathrooms and large space around. In the best residential area in Amman. Between the Fourth & Fifth Circles near 'Amon Hotel (Hotel Training Centre).

Tel: 672485

Black colour. Full options. Puty unpaid.

2- Third-floor apartment with two bedrooms, spacious lounge, large glassed veranda with central heating and telephone.
Annual rent: JD 2,175

Tel: 673925/651190, Amman

FOR RENT

Fully furnished ground floor flat opposite Amoun Hotel/ Jabal Amman. Consisting of 3 bedrooms, maid's room, 3 toilets, kitchen, dining and living rooms for JD 4,000 per year.

> Tel: 667659 - 9 a.m. - 3 p.m. 673383 - 4 - 8 p.m.

> > Tel: 67557

After a public reprimated Saturday by the Enropean Root-ball Union (UEFA) for the behaviour of fans and players, most of the 45,000-strong crowd at the Santiago Bernabeu stadium: booed the antics of the fanatical "Ultrasur" supporters:

goalless draw in a local derby at third-placed Espanol, and have still to play the champions at

home with seven matches left in

the title playoffs between the six

The Ultras were blamed for a barrage of missiles which greeted Bayern Munich players at last month's European Cup semifinal and brought the club a two match "no-crowd" punishment from UEFA's disciplinary committee.

casts because of crowd trouble The only hint of trouble at during the return leg of the Sunday's match - watched by former U.S. Secretary of State In addition, midfielder Juanito Henry Kissinger and Giovanni Gomez has received a five-year Agnelli, owner of the Italian side ban for his sending-off in Munich Juventus - came when a fan ranand the cluh was fined 40,000 Swiss francs (\$27,200) for the unon to the pitch to celebrate the home side's second goal from sportsmanlike behaviour of the Rafael Gordillo.

The rugged midfielder gave. Real the lead with a diving head-er in the 24th minute and added the second just before the hour when Emilio Butragueno carved his way through the Mallorca defence and unselfishly laid off the scoring pass.

One minute from the end, Hugo Sanchez flicked on a Gor-dillo pass with his heel for Martin Vazquez to round off an excellent personal performance.

The Barcelona Derby allowed Espanol to maintain the first division's only unbeaten home record but was a tedious affair, cheered only hy the reappearance as a second-half substitute of Barcelona fullback Julio Alberto, recovered from a broken leg earlier in the season.

BREE!

SIRE F

352A (5

DEPT.

ikepci zaco ZGTT

TOSE

इंग्ला द

STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE

South Korea denounces 1936 Olympics comparison

SEOUL (AP) - South Korea's be in danger of becoming a tool Monday that an opposition leader apologise for comparing the 1988 Seoul Olympics to the 1936 Berlin Olympics held under the In a special statement, Sports:

Minister Lee Sei-Ki said opposition leader Kim Young-Sam had, damaged the country's pride with "irrational and irresponsible" re-Lee urged Kim to retract and

apologise for the remarks. In an address Friday to inaugu-

rate the new major opposition Reunification Democratic Party, Kim declared that next year's Seoul Olympics would resemble the games held under Adolf Hitler unless the South Korean goveroment clears the way for demo-

Kim, the new party's president. claimed that unless there are changes, the Seoul games would

top sports official demanded to boost the rule of the Chun government in the same way Hitler used the 1936 games. "If the Olympics are to be "TVN

self-advertisement for the government, and if the people are to be forced by the use of government force to participate, then our Olympics will be no more than a re-enactment of the Berlin Olympics of 1936 under the Nazis." Kim said.

Lee described the Seoul games as one of South Korea's national tasks, "to be carried out with the spontaneous participation of the

whole people." Lee accused Kim of aiding the North Korean government with his remarks. He said Kim had

again disclosed his real intention to "sacrifice such national tasks as the Olympics ont of impure political concern and for partisan miterests."

FOR SALE

 High standard European furniture and household effects. Mazda 929 LX Sport 1986 model only 10,000 kilometres.

For appointments, please call Tel: 741914 between 9-14:30 and Tel: 697550 from 16-22.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT

Ground-floor apartment with one bedroom, spacious lounge, sitting room, with garden and central heating.
 Annual rent: JD 1,400

Location: Jabal Amman, 4th Circle, behind Saladdin Mosque, opposite



Children from 2-8 years will enjoy arts, sports, swimming, computers, cooking, dancing and creative drama.

Classes begin on June 15 till July 31. Last day for registration May 25, 1987.... Please call 812410

Cinema CONCORD

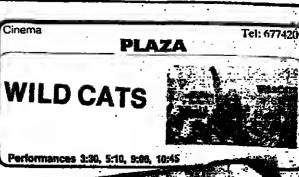
RAINBOW

Tel: 625155

SHANGHAI SURPISE

OPERA

Performances 3:15, 5:15, 8:45, 10:45



RAGHADAN **FUNGIRLS**

Performances 3:30, 5:10, 9:00, 10:45

SAFARI 3000



Interest in gold bullion spreads to Euromarkets

LONDON (R) — Renewed interest in gold bullion has spread to the Europond markets where shrewd operators are attracting tying them to warrants to buy gold.

Players are being given the opportunity to invest in multi-million dollar Eurobonds which, while also yielding interest, per-mit them to gamble on the gold

Eurobonds are international bonds issued by companies and nations to raise money, and are mainly traded in London.

The gold warrants now being attached to some new bonds allow the investor to buy gold at a set price in the future. The bond issuer undertakes to supply the gold. The bond-holder wins if the free market gold price rises above the price at which he has contracted to buy but loses out if the price is sluggish.

Last month, International Corona Resources (Bermuda) issued a \$50 million bond which was convertible into gold and carried warrants to buy gold. It was the latest in a flurry of business which started on the domestic Swiss market.

An influx of investor money into gold in recent days amid mcertainty o foreign exchange and stock markets has pushed bullion prices higher. It was fixed in London few weeks ago at \$445 an ounce, its highest since Feb. 25, 1983, and an increase of more than 10 per cent since Jan. 1.

"Gold is the only thing people will buy at the moment. So there's a flurry of interest in gold-linked paper," one Euro-bond trader in London said.

But some analysts pointed out that such bonds were not for the faint-hearted because the investor takes a risk on gold.

They're not for widows and orphans," said one market analyst here. "They're more of a

Another London Eurobond trader agreed. They are a high risk investment because of the volatility in the gold price. It's being heavily tipped to rise so this is one way of getting on the bandwagon," she said.

Traders and analysts were di-vided on whether issuing goldlinked paper was a new trend or just a fad.

Bankers said such issues took time to put together. "It's very complex to structure a deal and it takes a long time to bear fruition," one trader said.

It is vital for example that the gold is available for the investor and this can involve covenants

"The Euromarkets are capricious. Gold is the flavour of the month. "It'll fizzle out if curren-

cies settle," one analyst said. Bankers are constantly trying to work out new attractions to lure buyers to Eurobonds, which to a large extent have made big loans syndicated among banks

TYOUR DAILY TOPOS from the Carroll Righter institute

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, MAY 5, 1987

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Difficult influences are in effect if you try to force your special aptitudes, but tonight conditions start to upswing and it is time for social and romantic activity. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Gain your mate's ap-

proval for the plan you have in mind. Acquire the backing you need by being charming.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Don't try to gain more

efficiency at home today, but tonight all goes smoothly there. Make your plans carefully. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Your routines may be

difficult to follow during the daytime, but tonight you can relax with congenials. MOON CHILDREN (June, 22 to Jul. 21) Be careful

you do not make a terribly costly error where some property affair is concerned. LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Study your personal goals

well and forget those that are too complicated. You can be very charming tonight.
VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You have many tesks

to complete during the daytime. Once you have cleared the decks, enjoy romance. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Don't try to get others

to help you push your personal sime during the day. Be with charming people tonight.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Study your position with the public in general and do something to improve

it, but do it quietly. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) You may have to make some revisions if you want your plans to work.

Get more data from an expert. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Get busy and solve those problems for your mate. Tonight your efforts will

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) A partner could give you some trouble during the daytime, but be patient and you come through efficiently.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You have committed yourself to some special work, so plan it carefully. Enjoy your satisfied feelings.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he, or ahe, will be one of those remarkable young persons who will have many difficult problems to handle early in life and can solve them. Much success and happiness can be realized during this child's lifetime. Participation in sports is a good idea here.

THE Daily Crossword by Donald C. McANER

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

55 Habbar 57 Author Victor 58 Sled 59 Maple genus 60 Become lively 63 Maley gibbon 64 Rule in India

44 Dropped 8
nuclear weap
47 Expert et 50
46 Righ baskets
49 Ctyleacailes
53 Shiles
Rightly
54 Iteirs

1 Peaked
5 Sam the aleuth
10 Crop of a bird
14 "R's a ain
to tell ---"
15 Tripod
16 Drag
17 Timber tree

suff. 21 Social reformer 22 Noted Stan

22 Notes start
24 Br. composer
25 Exemine
26 Mine cer
29 Herdwood tree
34 Jesse of N.C.
36 Satisfy
37 Zodiec sign

38 Boca — 39 Ocean: abbr. 40 Peruses 42 Wood sorrel 43 Relaxation

45 Tanning shrub 46 Peper tree 50 Columnist

54 Formal split

tree 85 Wolfe Sie sleuth 66 Bird of prey

DOWN 1 Comic Mar 2 Pub drinks

3 Cairo's rive

6 —mache
7 Sale term
8 Nest
9 Part
10 Virtuous
11 Raja's Isdy
12 Inter —
13 Source of oil
18 Hockey great
23 Theater
sitendants
24 Gunnar's need

28 Asian mou 30 Chemical compound 31 "Remember

39 Part of Earth

Iran to sell 2m tons of crude oil to Syria

TEHRAN (OPECNA) — Syria is to buy two million tons of Iranian light crude this year under a renewed oil cooperation agreement first initialled in 1982.

The new accord, due to expire in 10 years' time, was signed during a visit to Iran by Syrian minister of oil and mineral wealth, Dr. Ghazi Al Durubi.

Petroleum Minister Gholamreza Aghazadeh, who signed for Iran, said his country was ready to supply Syria with as much oil as it needed. He stressed that there were "no restrictions" on Iranian oil sales to Syria.

would be on a cash basis and in line with the OPEC reference price for crude, he added.

Dr. Al Durubi, who left here at the weekend, said on arrival back in Damascus that the new agreement would enable Iran to meet Syria's refinery needs for light

The agreement also provided for the exchange of oil expertise between the two countries.

Dr. Al Durubi spent two weeks in Iran at the head of a delegation comprising senior officials from the ministries of oil, economy and foreign trade.

Moscow to help Egypt's second development plan

CAIRO (Agencies) — The Soviet Union will give Egypt in-dustrial aid during its second development plan beginning next July, Soviet Ambassador Gennady K. Zhuravlev said Monday. He spoke to reporters after meeting with President Hosni

Mubarak. Mr. Zhuravlev said economic and financial agreements concluded in Moscow last March have considerably improved the general climate of bilateral relations and put them on the up-

The agreements included an expanded trade protocol and an accord on rescheduling Egyptian debts. Details were not released, but Egyptian newspaper reports said the estimated \$3 billion Cairo owes the Soviets will be repaid over 25 years, including a grace period of six years.

The president and I discussed practical things that can be done in ... bilateral relations," Mr. Zhuravlev said, speaking in Rus-sian through an Arabic inter-

"The president emphasised the importance of political contacts between Egypt and the Soviet Union. We presently are preparing a long-term trade agreement that will be signed this year. We also are preparing an agreeent on the participation of Soviet establishments in the implementation of industrial projects in Egypt's second five-year plan."

The plan, to start July 1, envisages investments of 46 billion pounds (\$34.5 billion), according to official figures.

The ambassador did not specify industrial assistance the Soviet

Meanwhile, Prime Minister Atef Sedki held talks with his top economic advisers last week amid signs the government would soon announce steps to streamline Egypt's multi-tier foreign exchange rate system and the other

Attending the meeting at the central bank were its governor, Mr. Salah Hamid, Economy Minister Youssii Mustapha and other senior officials.

The measures are expected to include setting up a committee of banks to fix a daily floating rate

for the Egyptian pound.

The anticipated reforms are part of Egypt's bid for International Monetary Fund (IMF) standby credits of up to \$300 million a year over three years and rescheduling by Western creditor governments of its \$38.6 billion debt.

The central bank now sets a dollar rate against the pound daily. It currently stands at around 1.36 pounds, against about 2.16 on the unofficial but tolerated free market.

Bankers said last week they expected the new committee of banks to set daily rates between these two.

The government was also likely to raise local interest rates by two per cent to bring more liquidity to the banking system, the government-controlled weekly newspaper Akhbar Al Yom said

On Wednesday, it raised prices of diesel and some other transport fnels, as demanded by the IMF and the World Bank, in what diplomats saw as a sign that the planned reform package was going into effect.

Canada calls for special deals for poorest debtor countries

BRIDGETOWN, Barbados (R) — The governor of the Bank of Canada last week called for special treatment for the world's poorest debtor countries, including some debt forgiveness and outright grants for development.

Mr. John Crow told a meeting of regional central bank heads that assistance to the most impoverished nations must be highly concessional, given their development prospects.

"These are countries where resources are at their scarcest, that have no real means of improving their position and no prospect in the foreseeable future of being able to service the heavy debt burden which many carry," he said.

Mr. Crow pointed to Canada's aid to sub-Saharan countries of Africa as an example of the kind of development assistance industrialised nations could provide.

Pineapple output expected to rise

WASHINGTON (AP) - World pineapple production is rising, the Agriculture Department reports. Commercial production in 1987 is forecast at more than 5.5 million tonnes, a three per cent increase from last year. Thailand is expected to remain the leading producer with a crop of more than 1.78 million tonnes, up nine per cent from last year's weather-damaged harvest of 1.64 million tonnes. The pineapple crop in the Philippines is expected to be abont 1.67 million tonnes, a three per cent increase from last year due to a sharp increase in acreage. Pineapple production in the United States was forecast at 589,670 tonnes, slightly more than last year's 586,050 tonnes. New plantings (in the United States) are increasing but at a slow rate," the report said. "The industry seems to have stabilised, with the emphasis shifting toward production of fruit for fresh consumption." Favourable weather conditions and an expanded harvest area are expected to boost Mexico's 1987 crop to 306,000 tonnes, up five per cent from last

Merrill Lynch broker loses \$250 million

NEW YORK (R) - A top broker betting the wrong way on the direction of interest rates and without his company's authorisa-tion lost \$250 million for Merrill Lynch and Co., the firm reported

last week. Merrill Lynch, the largest U.S. brokerage concern, said the senior unnamed broker was fired when the loss was discovered. Sources identified the trader as Mr. Howard Rubin, 36, a two-year employee of Merrill Lynch.

Mr. Rubin could not be reached for comment. The broker, apparently betting that interest rates would decline, accumulated large amounts of fixed-rate bonds without the firm having the protection of offset-

ting, or hedged, investments that would accrue value as interest rates rose. As credit-market interest rates rise, securities that pay a fixed interest rate lose value.

Over the past few weeks, the benchmark 30-year government bond fell by more than \$100 for each \$1,000 of value. During that time, securities industry executives and analysts said, a number of Wall Street firms have been hit by trading losses in fixed-income

But the Merrill Lynch problem poears to have been unique several respects, including size. Analysts said the \$250 million loss was probably the firm's

largest ever. They said it seemed the trader had acquired large amounts of government national mortgage association securities and as the market declined he made additional purchases in hopes of a recovery that did not materialise.

One analyst said as much as \$1 billion worth of unhedged securities apparently were accumu-

Sudan unable to service all debts, minister says

pound plunged to an all-time low

against the dollar in Khartoum's

thriving hlack market Sunday

ahead of talks later this week with

the International Monetary Fund

(IMF) on reforming Sudan's trou-

bled economy.

Bankers said rumours and un-

confirmed press reports of a

possible devaluation of the pound

increased demand for the U.S.

currency.

day's rates.

ainst the dollar dramatically

Dealers said the dollar was

The official exchange rate has

been fixed at 2.50 pounds since February 1985 when Sudan de-

valued its currency against the

ned to lift regulations on badly-

deeded imports for industry could

Private sector imports are now

channelled through a government

committee set up 15 months ago.

Bankers said it was running short

of foreign currency due to a sharp

decline in remittances through

the banking sector from Sudanese

Because of stringent import

regulations, black market dollars

are used largely to buy consumer

goods smuggled from neighbour-

ing countries such as Egypt,

Black market dollars traded

around 5.5 pounds since January

Kenya, Zaire and Ethiopia.

working abroad.

dollar by 48 per cent.

bought Sunday for 6.2 pounds, 0.15 pounds more than Satur-

KHARTOUM (R) — Finance Minister Beshir Omar said in remarks published Monday that Sudan was mable to service all its debts and urged cancellation of at least some debts owed by African countries hit by drought.

"In principle, we agree to pay so as not to be a country unworthy of loans. But in reality we cannot pay all these debts from our limited resources," he told Al. Ayam newspaper.

Sudan, a vast and impoverished country of 23 million people, has a foreign debt of \$10.6 billion and an annual servicing hability of nearly \$1 billion. It has set aside \$200 million in

the year to June 30 to service debts, mainly to creditors banned from giving fresh loans to recipients in arrears, foreign econom-Mr. Omar told the newspaper:

This is not a situation in which we are alone. It is a problem -11 Third World countries.

"We demand that debts of African countries south of the Sahara be forgiven because of the drought they have gone through. We demand this at least for government loans," he said.

"For other debts, we demand that interest be abolished and agreement (reached) on a reasonable grace period and a long-term rescheduling of payments," Mr. Omar added. Economic sources in Khartoum

say 23 per cent of Sudan's total foreign debt is owed to Western government creditors in the socalled Paris Club, 21 per cent to commercial banks and 32 per cent to governments of Eastern Bloc and Arab countries. Most of the remainder is owed to multilateral sources.

Meanwhile, the Sudanese

but have made steady gains

Besides the official and black market rates. Sucian has a rate of four pounds to the dollar for remittances and foreign visitors. The latest fall in the pouno

followed a statement on Saturday night on the Omdurman radio that the unification of Sudan's multi-tier exchange system would top the agenda when talks begin on Saturday with the IMF.

The IMF, which declared Sudan ineligible for fresh loans last year, wants Khartoum to devalue its currency to stimulate exports and attract more remittances from the estimated one million Sudanese employed abroad, mainly in Gulf Arab

It also wants Sudan to reduce its hudget deficit and money supply, lift subsidies on basic goods, introduce a more efficient tax system and privatise lossmaking state-owned enterprises.

In return, Sudan would receive Bankers said rumours in Kharthe IMF's go-ahead to reschedule toum that the government planinterest payments on \$10.6 billion of foreign debt and clear \$450 to \$500 million owed to the IMF. also have boosted demand for the

Mr. Omar said in an interview published on Friday that devaluating the pound would raise the country's import bill, running at a billion dollars a year, and hit Sudanese with low incomes.

He also rejected the lifting of subsidies, saying the IMF had agreed to discuss an economic plan prepared by Sudanese eco-

The plan, which would take effect over four years, would curb government expenditure, increase state revenues and reduce the budget deficit, estimated at 2.86 billion pounds (\$1.14 billion) for the fiscal year ending on June

Uzal outlines agricultural reform

ANKARA (R) - Prime Minister Turgut Ozal Sunday announced an agriculture reform package intended to boost farm production in view of Turkey's application for membership of the European Community (EC).
Mr. Ozal told a news confer-

ence 1.5 million farmers, mostly

small-scale operators, would be-

nefit from the scheme costing 300 billion lisas (\$375 million) in a full year. Wheat and sugar beet farmners would get special help.

Mr. Ozal denied that the package was intended to .increase electoral support for his con-

servative Motherland Party this year. He said state support for agriculture already cost about 700

billion liras (\$875 million) a year. More than balf of Turkey's population lives off the land, mainly working on small, family farms and often selling through state-aided cooperatives. State price support exists for some crops which can be stored.

Turkey applied last month for full membership of the EC, whose cornerstone is the Common Agricultural policy, and the European Commission in Brussels has been ordered to draw np a report on the bid. Turkish agriculture will be

adversely affected by the Common Agricultural Policy until Turkey enters the EC. Therefore we should take measures now. Turkey will enter the EC with its agriculture powerful and unbeatable," Mr. Ozal said. He outlined the measures as

follows: - Farmers will receive cheap credits at interest rates of 22 per cent for their yearly expenditures

compared with commercial rates now effectively around 70 per 150 to 200 billion liras (\$188-\$250 million) a year. - Twenty per cent of a far-

mer's expenses on agricultural insecticides and medicines for livestock will be subsidised by the state. - Dairy farmers will receive an encouragement premium of 25

to 35 lirs (31 to 44 cents) per litre of milk, depending on the type of dairy plant they sell to. - A subsidy on commercial animal feed will be raised from 20 to 25 per cent.

 Thirty thousand high-yield dairy cows will be imported from the United States and Europe and sold at subsidised prices to

Subsidies based on taxes

Mr. Ozal said most of the subsidies would be met by taxes on imports of luxuries and foodstuffs. The cheap credits would be made by the state owned Agricolture Bank (Ziraat Bankasi) and agricultural cooperatives but. if these proved a financial burden, costs would be met from the budget.

Mr. Ozal said the incentives were aimed at increasing agricultural production. "Our state support policy is based on production, nothing else," he said.

Turkey, which has a wide range of climates and types of soil allowing a great variety of agriculture, is one of seven or eight countries in the world regarded as self-sufficient in food. Economists say its main chal-

lenge in coming years will be to find export markets for its produce.

Peanuts









Mutt'n' Jeff



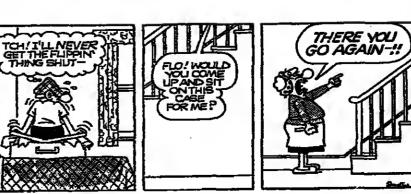


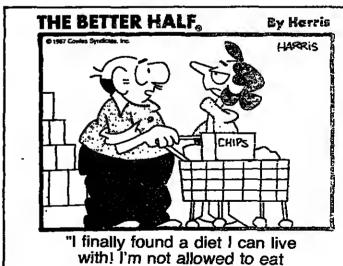




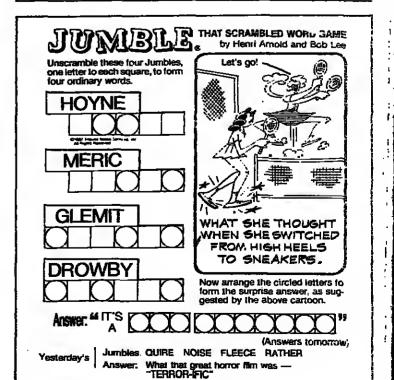
Andy Capp







anything after 2:00 a.m."



Rebels threaten as army votes early in Philippine poll

Aquino criticises delay in U.S. arms supply

MANILA (R) — The Communist New People's Army (NPA) threatened Monday to retaliate against selected army officers and politicians for what it called harassment and intimidation of leftist candidates in next week's Philippine congressional elec-

The rebel army said in a statement it would not tolerate what it called "attacks on the people" in the final run-up to the May 11 poll. Leftist groups called for troops to be confined to barracks on polling day.

The retaliation threat came as police in Dagupan, north of the capital, said the campaign manager of a centrist candidate had been shot dead — the 39th death directly linked to Monday's elec-

Troops were on alert in the far north llocos region where the military shut down Lacag airport to all flights until after the election, amid reports that deposed President Ferdinand Marcos would try to return to his former stronghold from exile in Hawaii.

The army said the airport would stay shut until May 12. Soldiers at checkpoints on main roads in the area were searching travellers for weapons, a spokes-

LISBON, Portugal (AP)

Mozambican troops backed by soldiers from neighbouring Zim-

tured the main anti-government

guerrilla base in Mozambique,

the Portuguese News Agency

The agency quoted unidenti-

fied military sources in the capital

of Maputo as saying government troops seized the Morrumbala

rebel hase in central Mozambique

The sources said soldiers sear-

ching the area were still finding

the bodies of rebels belonging to

Mozambique National Resistance

(MNR), also known as Renamo.

LUSA reported. But there was

no precise indication of casual-

"We lost some comrades but the number of enemy dead is

ARLINGTON, Virginia (AP)

Nearly 13 years after Richard

Nixon resigned the presidency,

the first of his Watergate papers

were readied for public view Monday, purged of documents he

thinks involve personal privacy.

White House files of John

Ehrlichman, who spent 18

months in prison as a Watergate

coverup conspirator, and of John

Dean, who gave the first detailed

four months

The first release includes the

LUSA reported Sunday.

man told Reuters.

Earlier President Corazon Aquino lashed out at her U.S. allies for delays in supplying mllitary equipment vital in the army's fight against the rebels in the 18 year-old Communist in-

Mrs. Aquino, who also criticised the ability of her own troops, said Washington appeared to expect the Philippine army to fight its "teeth and

On Mrs. Aguino's threatened second front, government negotiators hastily set up a meeting with Muslim rebel leader Nur Misuari after talks between the two sides stalled in Manila.

They said they would fly to Mr. Misuari's jungle headquarters on the Sulu Islands in the extreme south of the country.

Muslim officials said the talks on their demands for autonomy over the southern third of the

source was quoted as saying.

Calls to rebel spokesmen in

Renamo has been fighting since 1977 to topple the Marxist

Mozambican government. The

guerrilla war is blamed as the

main cause of economie disaster

in the former Portuguese colony,

where relief organisations esti-

mate more than three million

Base, in central Zambezia pro-

vince, 50 kilometres from the

border with Malawi, had been the

rebels' bush headquarters since

In that month, government

troops captured Renamo's pre-

"Casa Banana" in the Gorongosa

LUSA said the Morrumbala

people face famine

Sentember 1985

much greater," one military National Park, north of Morrum-

Mozambique captures rebel base

habwe and Tanzania have cap-. Lisbon went unanswered Sunday

country were deadlocked and predicted the dash to see Mr. Misuari would fail.

Chief government negotiator Emmanuel Pelaez told reporters: "We will produce a miracle."

The National Capital Region Partisan Front of the Underground Communist Army, which directs the feared "Sparrow Unit" assassination squads, said it would "not hesitate to take punitive measures" against politi-cians and army officers harassing left wing candidates.

The alliance for new politics, dominated by the leftist Partido Ng Bayan, blamed army and vigilante units for killing 19 of its candidates and workers in the campaign for a two-house con-

Despite the deaths, analysts have called the campaign for the Philippines' first genuinely free election in almost 20 years, remarkably free of the violence which is endemie in the country's

The military meanwhile said an estimated 50,000 troops in barracks around the country lined np as absentee voters Monday - the first time absentee voting has been permitted in the Philip-

The agency quoted a former Portuguese hostage of the rebels who was not identified, as saying

there had been about 5,000 guer-

rillas at the Morrumbala Base in

Troops from Zimbabwe and

Tanzania fight alongside the Mozambican army, chiefly to

protect from guerrilla attack the

key vital transport routes linking landlocked southern African

countries to Mozambique's Indi-

South Africa denies Mozambican charges that it supports the

rebels to destabilise the country and force its black-ruled neigh-

bours to trade through Sonth

Africa. Malawi also rejects

allegations it helps Renamo.

an Ocean ports.

The voting was restricted to troops posted outside the towns and cities in which they are registered and ended criticism that as much as one-third of the coun-

try's 150,000-strong regular military had been disenfranchised. Absentee voting, common in many countries, was introduced by the Philippines' new constitution despite concerns that it would make multiple ballots by

"flying voters" hard to police.

Mrs. Aquino's rebuke to her
major ally followed complaints by
semior American officials that actions by Congress in Washington were hurting Manila's effort against the Communists.

The Congress recently slashed military aid allocation by about

"Our principal military supplier should not expect our brave soldiers to fight the insurgents with our teeth and our hands," she told troops at an airbase in

Defence Secretary Rafael Ileto, who with Armed Forces Chief General Fidel Ramos sat with Mrs. Aquino as she criticised aspects of her own soldiers' performance, pledged after the speech the military would "work

Gandhi, Singh set to clash

NEW DELHI (R) — A denial by India's president that he planned to topple Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi has failed to quash speculation of a looming power struggle between them, politicians said Monday.

President Zail Singh took the highly unusual step Sunday of issuing a statement denying press reports that he might dismiss Mr.

Politicians and commentators doubt whether the denial spells an end to the three-month coastitutional tussle between Mr. Gan-dhi and the wily Sikh head of

relations will come on May 7 when parliament is scheduled to end its current session.

An indication of the state of

If Mr. Gandhi and his ruling Congress (I) Party seek an extensira of parliament it will show that a battle with Mr. Singh is imminent, a Congress leader told Reuters. An extension would enable

Congress, which enjoys over-whelming majorities in both houses, to reinstate Mr. Gaudhi quickly if Mr. Singh ordered his

Dalida's family confirms suicide

PARIS (AP) — Dalida, the sultry Egyptian-born singer, actress and former Miss Egypt was first won fame in France for her song Bam-bino in 1954, was found dead in her Paris apartment from an apparent overdose of barbiturates. She was 54.

The singer's body was found by a friend, who notified emergency medical services. The family confirmed the suicide, saying she left a note which read: "Life is unbearable, pardon me.'

Dalida, whose real name was Yolande Gigliotti, had been an entertainment success in France, Europe and the Middle East for more than 30 years. More than 85 million of her records have been sold around the world and her repertoire included more than 400 songs in French, 200 in Italian and 200 in other languages.

"She suffered from loneliness, and above all from not having any children," said Josephine Azagra, a neighbour who lives near Dalida's home on Rue d'Orchampt in Paris' Montmartre Dis-

"I saw her 10 days ago, she was very lonely," said television host Guy Lux, one of a crowd of friends and fans who went to the apartment where she had lived for the past 24 years.

Though she had not been seen in a Paris music hall since 1981, but she continued to sing around the world. Her last performance was Wednesday in Antalya, Dalida's last film was the Sixth

Day by Egyptian director Yous-sef Chahine, the Arab World's best known filmmaker, in 1986. She was well known in the Middle East and performed there fre-

Dalida was born to Italian parents on Jan. 17, 1933 in Carro. Her father, Pietro Gigliotti, was a violinist with the Cairo Opera. She worked as a secretary in an import-export company in Cairo Cultn.e from 1951 until 1954 when she Leotard.



was elected Miss Egypt and took the name Dalida. She met a ing French artistic director, Lucien Morisse, who helped turn

Moving to France in 1954, she became an almost immediate hit with Bambino, the French version of an American song. From then on, it was one success after another.

In 1955, she made her film debut in the Mask Of Tutankhamen, something less than a cinema classic.

From then on it was money, fame, cabaret and music hall appearances, including the Olympia in Paris, Carnegie Hall in New York, Egypt and Italy, and a succession of successful records including Gondolier, Besame Mucho, Zorba, Les Enfants Du Piree, Porto Fino, Petit Homme, El Cordobes, Il Venait D'Avoir 18 Ans, Gigi L'Amoroso and Paroles, Paroles, a duet with

Notable films were Un Verre Et Une Cigarette (1954), Rapt An Deuxieme Bureau (1958), Parlez Moi D'Amour (1960), L'Inconnne De Hong Kong (1963) and Menage A L'Italienne

"The brutal death of Dalida reminds us that the solitude of the artist really exists," said French Culture Minister Francois

India's Haryana state election set for June 17

NEW DELHI (R) — State assembly elections in Haryana state, which lies between New Delhi and Punjab, will be held on June 17, the election commission tained in a 1985 accord between announced Monday.

Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi's Congress (1) Party holds a slender majority in the Hindu-dominated state and whether the party can retain it is seen as an important test of its standing and Mr. Gandhi's popularity in its traditional heartland.

The Haryana poll could also provide a key to ending the strife in neighbouring Sikh-majority

Puniab. Analysts believe that once Congress was assured of control in Haryana for the next five

years, it would be able to make

tained in a 1985 accord between New Delhi and Punjab which has yet to be immplemented. Most opposition parties in Haryana regard the accord as a sell-out and danger of a Sikh backlash.

nomination papers for the 90 seats at stake must be filed by May 25. The major opposition to Congress is expected to come from the Lok Dal and Bharatiya Janata Party which, if they can bury their differences, could oust the ruling party for the first time in the state.

The election commission said

Norway criticises U.K. over pollution

LONDON (R) - Norwegian Prime Minister Gro Harlem Brundtland accused Britain of polluting its neighbours with acid rain caused by British power stations and of being too slow to realise that something needs to be

The electricity bill in Britain is partly convered by the Norwegian nature being destroyed or other countries' nature being destroyed," Ms. Brundtland told a BBC radio programme.

"Instead of putting on a five per cent increase in your electricity bill to pay the total cost, you are sending the rest of that bill to

other countries," she added. A spokesman for Britain's Environment Department told Reuters: "The government is aware of the country's reputation and is taking positive steps to rectify it."

The Norwegian leader was speaking from Oslo on an international call-in Programmes in which she answered questions on environment and pollution from callers in Zimbabwe, Switzerland, Israel, Italy, Hong Kong, France and Ireland.

Ms. Brundtland, speaking after publication of a report called our common future" by the

Geneva-based World Commission on Environment and Development which she chairs, renewed calls for international cooperation to save the environment.

"No nation can really say that we are not ready to cooperate for the common future." she said.

"This is the kind of atmosphere and development in international cooperation that we need and this is where we feel that Britain is one of several countries that has been too slow in realising this obvious concern and obvious need," she added.

GOREN BRIDGE

Nixon Watergate papers

being released to public

BY CHARLES GOREN

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ Q.I-East-West vulnerable, as Q.4-Both vulnerable, as South

South with both sides 60 on score you hold: 4Q93 ♥7 ○K654 4KQ762 The bidding has proceeded: West North East South

A .- Don't bid two spades, your hand is too strong for such action and partner might think you are bidding just to prevent the opponents from completing the rubber. Jump to three spades. Partner won't play you for more than thia, since with a very good hand you would have cue-bid three hearts.

Q.2-Both vulnerable, as South you hold: ♦7 TA10932 OKQJ63 ◆K5 The bidding has proceeded: West North East South

Pass Pass ?

What action do you take? A .- If you overcalled with either two or three hearts, you have not opening bid of two hearts could be made on a far weaker hand than you have, and a jump to three hearts misstates the quality of that suit and shuts out diamonds as a possible contract. The correct ac-tion is to double, and then bid If you use Michaels cue-bids, this hand is perfect for it.

Q.3-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: **◆KQJ98** ♥**73** ♦**A1065 ◆62** The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass Pass 1 ♥ 2 ♦

What action do you take? A .- It is a close decision between a penalty double and a bid of two spades. The texture of your suit and the fact the opponents are not vulnerable suggest to us there might be a greater profit in trying for game. Certainly, If the opponents were vulnerable we would

The documents chosen for Monday's release at a national archives warehouse total 252,000 pages, one sixth of the 1.5 mil-hon-page cache the Nixon administration itself set aside as "special files." The special files contain the most sensitive documents, those involving Water-

After the archives gave a required 90-day notice that the files would be made public, Mr. Nixon's lawyers filed 3,100 pages of objections to the release of 15,000 documents.

information about the affair to federal prosecutors and served

♥872 ♦953 **⊕A83** The bidding has proceeded: West North East South Pass Pass Pass ? What is your opening bid? What do you bid now? A .- Regardless of whether or not

we are playing five-card majors, we would open this hand with one spade. Since partner is a passed game. Therefore, we would not waste our time with prepared bids but would open in the suit we want led should the opponents buy the

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you **↑AQ95** ∇A87 ♦63 **+KJ102** The bidding has proceeded: South West North East
1 Pass 1 Pass
2 Pass 3 Pass

What do you bid now? A .- It is unclear whether partner is making a game try in diamonds or looking to no trump as a possible contract. In any event, you certainly want to be in game and the way your heart feature by bidding

Q.6-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: ♦K95 ♥J9 ♦652 ♣AKJ106 The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
I Pass 24 Pass

What do you bld now" A .- Despite the fact that you have no particular fit for either of partner's suits, your side's combined holding puts you in the slam zone. Your best action at this point is to bid four clubs. That not only leaves partner room to complete the description of his hand, but also stresses the quality of your suit. Our second choice would be

Investigators look into Bush's links with contra arms supply WASHINGTON (AP) - Iran-

contra investigators are looking into Vice President George Bush's links to the supply of weapons to Nicaraguan rebels, including a record of involvement by a former CIA agent who is now a top Bush aide.

Reporting to Congress on the progress of his investigation, independent counsel Lawrence Walsh listed the office of the vice president as among the targets of his ongoing criminal investiga-

He said the inquiries were 'proving fruitful." While there have been ques-

tions about the vice president's role, only recently has the focus sharpened on Mr. Bush and his

Wary that Mr. Bush's 1988 presidential chances could be wrecked by the Iran-contra affair, the vice president's political advisers insist that they do not have a problem as congressional

hearings open Tuesday.
But Donald Gregg, the CIA
agent who is Mr. Brush's national security adviser, as well as two of Mr. Gregg's own aides, bring the investigative trail into the office of the vice president.

In addition, Mr. Bush, himself a former CIA director, has had meetings with key figures in both the clandestine arms sales to Iran and the private aid network for supplying the contras.

Moreover, Mr. Bush attended the daily intelligence briefings for President Ronald Reagan where a number of key decisions in the case were made, including the one at which the secret Iran initiative was formally approved. Gregg acknowledges that in December 1984 he recommended his friend from his days in Vietnam, Cuban-born former CIA

agent Felix Rodriguez, as an onthe-scene adviser to the Salvadoran Air Force at Ilopango Air Gregg refused to be interviewed for this story. He has maintained there is evidence fired National Security Council (NSC) aide La.-Col. Oliver North re-

cruited Rodriguez into the net-

work providing support the con-

tras, and that he was unaware of

that involvement.

Pope calls for Christian unity

AUGSBURG, West Germany (AP) — Pope John Paul II on Monday denonneed popular ideas of women's liberation and said the lessons of Europe's devastating religious wars should inspire Christian unity.

The message were a sharp shift in tone for the Pontiff, who had spent the first four days of his West German visit condemning the Nazi era and defending the role of the church in Adolf Hitler's Third Reich.

The Roman Catholic leader. on the last day of his 34th foreign trip, nrged young women to be cautious of corrent feminist

"Dear sisters, today a great deal is being said about liberation and emancipation, and special importance attaches to these justified interests."

"But is the person who does nothing but shake off commandments and obligations really free?" he asked nuns and young women active in religious work. Several hundred women filled the ornate Augsburg Cathedral for the Pontiff's speech.

Let me ask you dear young

people: Don't let yourselves be

led astray by false or short-sight-

ed freedom," he told the women. At a later speech consecrating a new seminary. Pope John Paul praised the role of "women and others" in preparing their chil-dren for possible religious voca-

The Pope spoke in German, as he has throughout the trip. He also returned to the theme of Christian unity, which he had raised on Sunday by suggesting it is necessary that "schisms and religious wars ... occur in order to lead the church to reflect on and renew its original values."

Speaking to top-ranking Proiestant and Eastern Orthodox leaders at an ecumenical service late Monday morning, the Pope delivered a strong call for Christian unity and alluded to Augsburg's role as a centre of reformation activity in the 16th

"If we want to obey the lord's command and be his witness, we will have to do everything we can to increase our oneness," the

He spoke at length of an Augsburg meeting between Protestant reformation leader Martin Luther and the Vatican envoy who tried to reconcile differences many.

"Martin Luther and Cardinal Cajetan met not far from here in the year 1518. What would have happened if their talks had ended in a renewed, deepened and strengthened unity of the church?" the Pontiff asked.

Speaking of the religious wars that swept over Europe after the reformation and of early missionary work in America, the Pontiff

"What direction would history have taken, what missionary opportunities would have presented themselves for the new world if it had been possible to bridge the differences that existed then and clarify the points of contention?"

He urged Christians to give up "reciprocal condemnation" and said that "we never tired on the road leading to our common Lord."

Augsburg, 90 kilometres north of the Bavarian capital of Munich, was founded in 15 B.C. by a relative of the first Roman emperor, Augustus. It is, along with Trier and Cologne, among the most ancient of cities in Ger-

COLUMNS 768

Pop group releases 'safe sex' record

SYDNEY (R) — An Australian pop group released a record-Roll It On, Robbie, promoting condoms as a way of avoiding acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS). The group Redgum, advises young people not to take any chances with AIDS and use condoms when having sex. The chorus of the upbeat song sums up the message: "Roll it on, Robbie, slip it on, Sam, if you want to play it safe, if you want to be secure." remember prevention is better than a cure." Officials of the Roman Catholic Church failed to have the record banned. "The song flippantly glorifies sexual promiscuity," said Ron McKern, spokesman for the church in Gueensland.

2 East Germans escape to West

BAD BRAMSTEDT, West Germany (AP) -- Two East German men escaped in a small rowing boat along the Baltic coast to West Germany, police said Sunday. The pair, identified only as track drivers aged 23 and 24, made their escape late Saturday, following the coastline in the dark, according to a police statement. It was not clear how they were able to avoid East German patrol boars. that normally cruise the coast and police declined to give further details of the escape. The escapes brought to 32 the number of East Germans who have fied to West Germany so far this year,

Siamese tiwns enter college

COMPTON, California (AP) - Siamese twins who are joined at the head have left the seclusion of their home for a new life as 38-year-old college students. When Yvonne and Yvette McCarther's mother learned of their decision she cried for fear of the world her twins would face, but three months after their enrollment at Compton Community College they have given their mother a new worry. "They're working themselves to death," said Willie McCarther. "They don't want to do anything but study." Yvonne said in a recent interview that she loves college so much she can't believe she waited so long to sign up. "Me either, said Yvette, who added, "I'm going to summer school, too." Mrs. McCarther once was told by doctors that her babies should be institutionalised. The doctors said the twins would only be able to crawl and probably would be retarded, even though they have separate brains. Dr. Frank Anderson, one of several physicians who saw the children soon after they were born, said their mother, then 38, did not want surgery to separate them because of the risk one or both of them would die. Dr. Anderson said in a 1981 interview that the possibility of surgical separation after they became grown was "theoretical." And the twins have said they don't want to be separated. The twins, joined at the top of the head, walk leaning inward toward each other.

Woman jailed for life for smuggling

DHAKA (R) — A Bangladeshi woman was sentenced by special tribunal to life imprisonment for trying to smuggle \$85,000 worth gold into the country, legal officials said Monday. They said Hezera Begum was arrested on May 19, 1986, after Dhaka airport customs officers seized 48 small gold bars from the false bottom of her suitcase as she arrived from Dubai. Judge Rezwan Ali also ordered Begun, mother of seven children, to pay a fine of \$350 or suffer hard labour for two years. She is the first woman jailed for life since President Hossain Mohammad Ershad ordered a crackdown on gold smugging late last year.

Steward wins 1st vertical marathon

SINGAPORE (R) — A Singapore Airlines steward sprinted [5] — 1,336 steps up the world's tallest hotel in seven minutes and 20 [22] seconds to win what was billed as the world's first vertical [32] [32] marathon here Sunday, Kenneth Keng, 34, beat 200 others in the race up the 73-storey, 742-foot (226 metre) Westin Stamford Hotel, held to raise funds for charity. Helen Gilbey, a 31-year-old physical education lecturer, won the women's event in nine. minutes and four seconds.

Condom boutique opens in Amsterdam

AMSTERDAM, Netherlands (AP) - The Golden Fleece Condomerie, touted as this liberal nation's first condom boutique, opened its doors to what its proprietors expect will be a mainly female clientele. The owners, who gave their names as Marijke and Ricky, said they believe women are now willing to buy condoms, which traditionally have been bought by men. Condoms are easily obtainable in Dutch pharmacies and pornography shops, but the condomerie's owners believe their boutique atmosphere is more likely to promote the idea of selective shopping for the prophylactics for birth control or disease prevention. "Women dislike pornography shops, so they won't go there to buy condoms. The clinical atmosphere of a pharmacy is an obstacle for many women, too," Marijke told the Associated Press. "Here they can just walk in and look for what they want and ask our advice." Although neither Marijke nor her partner explicitly link their venture to AIDS prevention, the opening coincided with the first month of a government-sponsored campaign to fight the spread of the disease.

Smoking may contribute to impotence

NEW YORK (AP) - Preliminary evidence suggests that smoking may contribute to the development of impotence in men, perhaps by disrupting blood flow in small arteries, a researcher says. An examination of some 200 impotent men found they were more likely than others to be smokers and to have evidence of "impaired blood flow to the penis," a possible cause of impotence, said Dr. Alvaro Morales, chairman of the Urology Department at Queen's University in Kingston, Ontario. "It is by no means conclusive evidence," Morales said at the annual meeting of the American Association of Sex Educators, Counselors and Therapists. "But I think the evidence is there." Eighty-one per cent of the impotent men were current or former. smokers, compared with 58 per cent of men selected from the general population, Dr. Morales found. Smoking has been thought a possible cause of impotence since the turn of the century, Dr. Morales said. But evidence of the relationship has been lacking until the last few years, when several researchers have found in a handful of patients that stopping smoking can lead to return of sexual function, he said. At least half of all cases. of impotence are thought to be due to some physical problem rather than to a psychological difficulty, Dr. Morales said. 'And about half of the cares with physical causes are believed to be the result of a problem in the blood vessels that supply the penis, "he said. These are the cases that could be aggravated by smoking."

Einstein letters shed light on relativity

NEW YORK (AP) - Newly discovered letters between Albert Einstein and the woman who became his first wife express the joy and pain of their troubled romance and the excitement of and pain of their troubled romance and the excitement of mathematical discovery, according to a report published Sunday. The letters were found during efforts to collect material for "the collected papers of Albert Einstein," to be published May 22-by-Princeton University Press, the New York Times reported. Mileva Maric, a Serb four years older than Einstein, served as a "sounding board" for Einstein's ideas about physics, according to John Stachel, a reofessor of physics at Ratter I leave the server of the server John Stachel, a professor of physics at Boston University whois edining the papers. At 20, Einstein wrote a letter in which he anticipated his first theory of relativity, published six years later. the Times said. He wrote that while visiting the Swiss town of Aarau "a good idea occurred to me about a way of investigating how a body's relative motion with respect to the luministical. ether affects the velocity of propagation of light in transpure bodies. Also a theory on this matter occurred to me, which seems to be highly probable." He was referring to the them scoopies notion that space was filled with an invisible medium. Immunitations ether," an idea he said he had donots about the Times said. The letters also reflect the despair the comple felt at this case, mother's refusal to accept the woman as a unitable said.